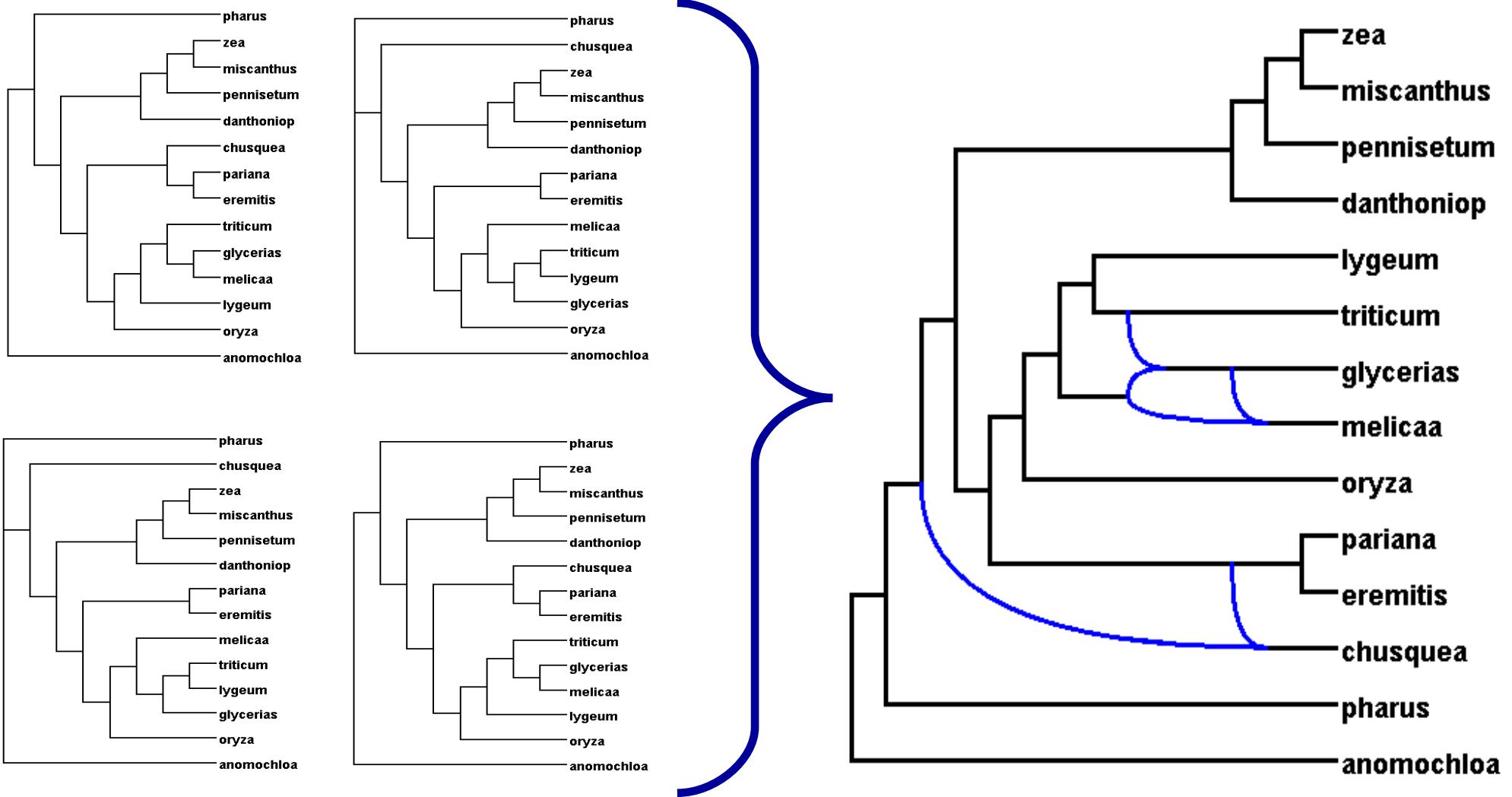


Phylogenetic Networks

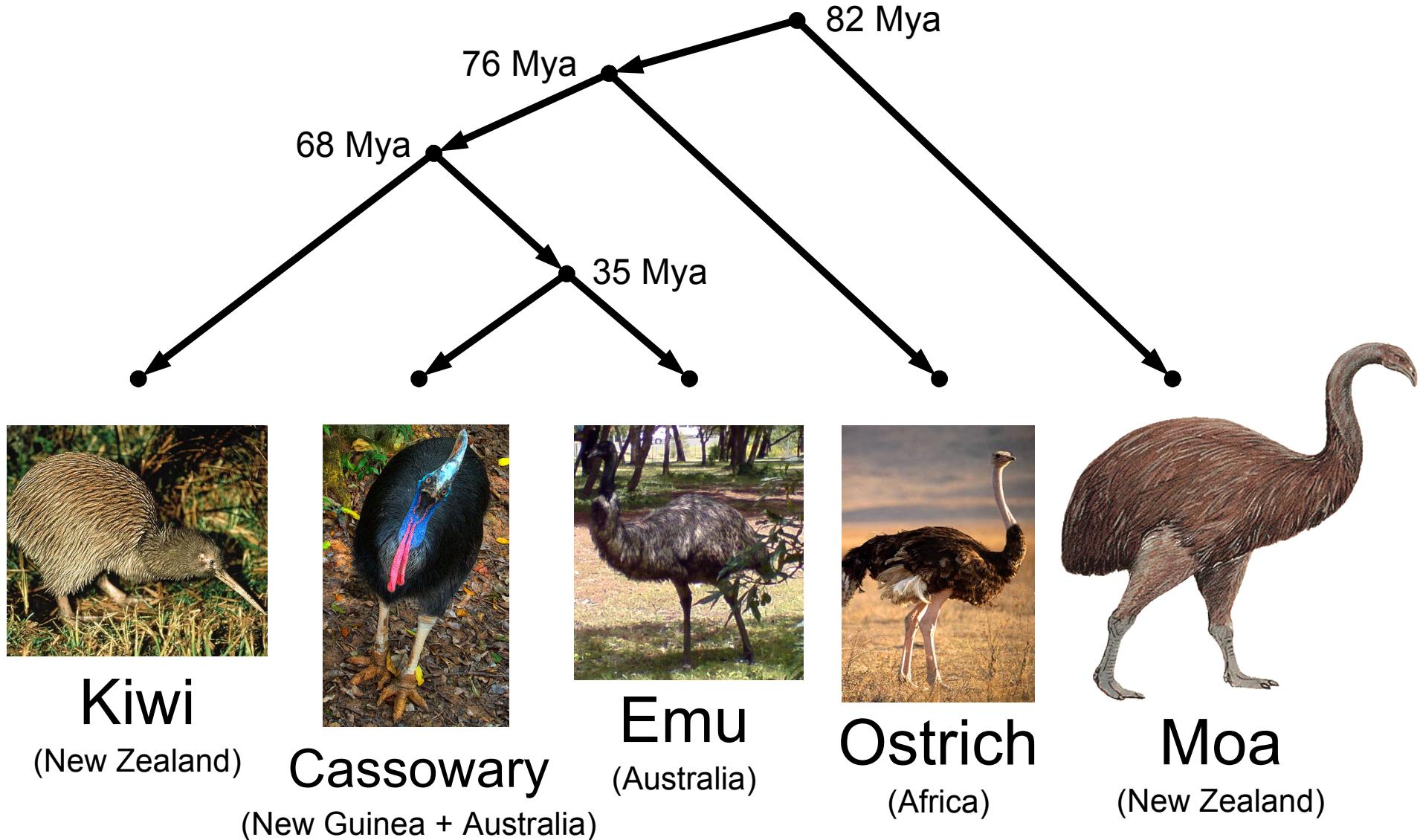
Reconstructing evolution

Leo van Iersel

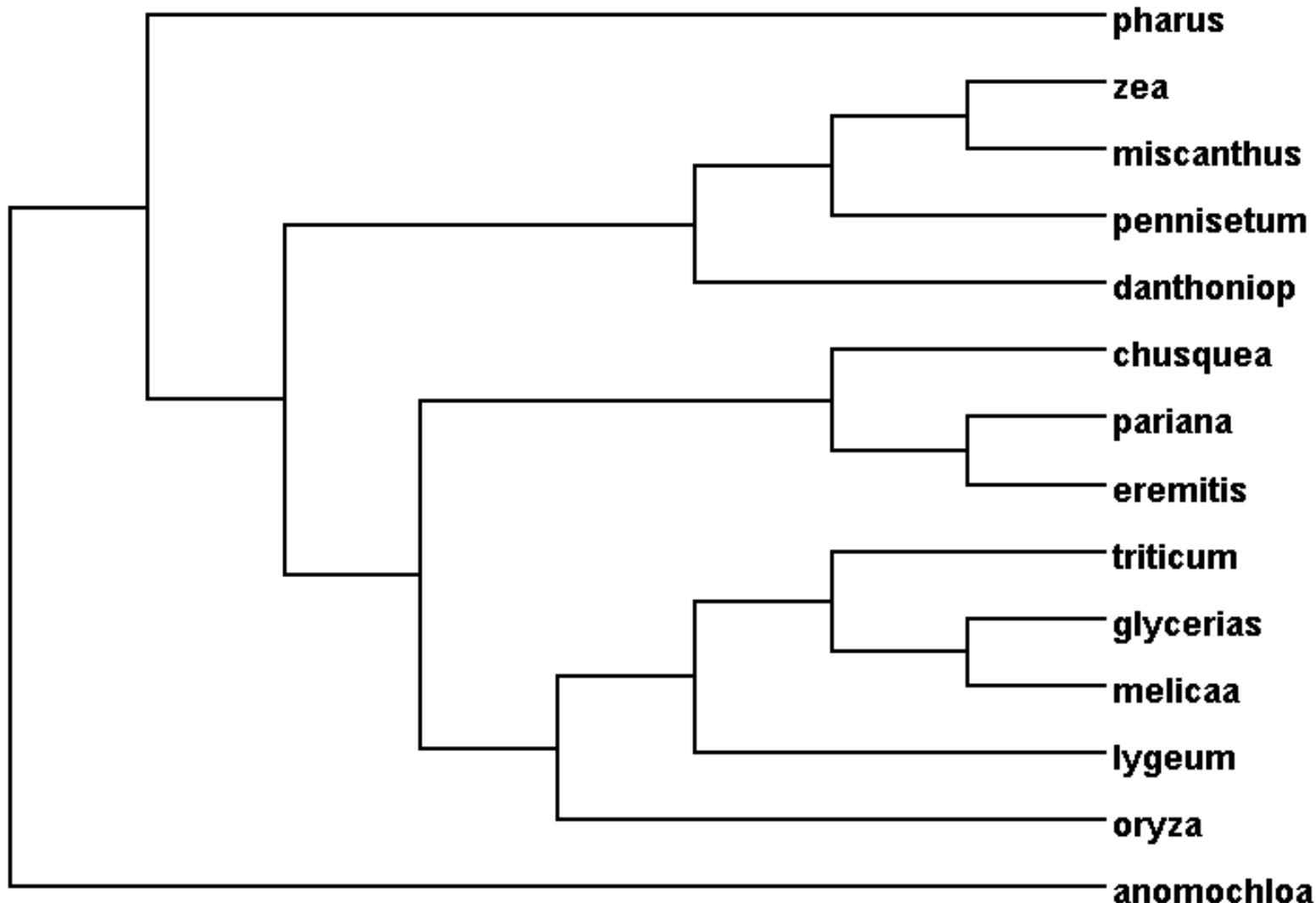
Algorithms for Combining Phylogenetic Trees into a Network



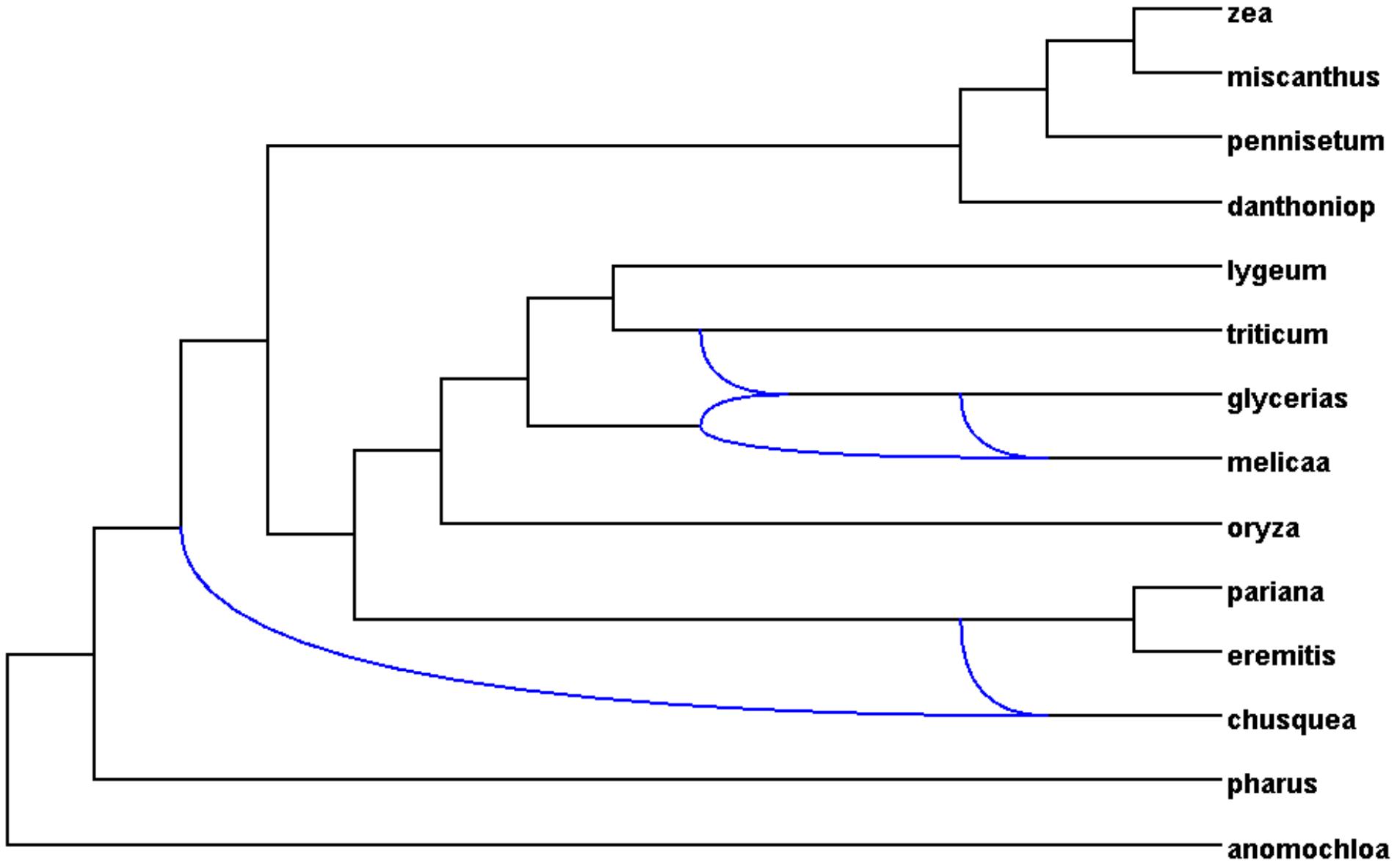
Phylogenetic Tree



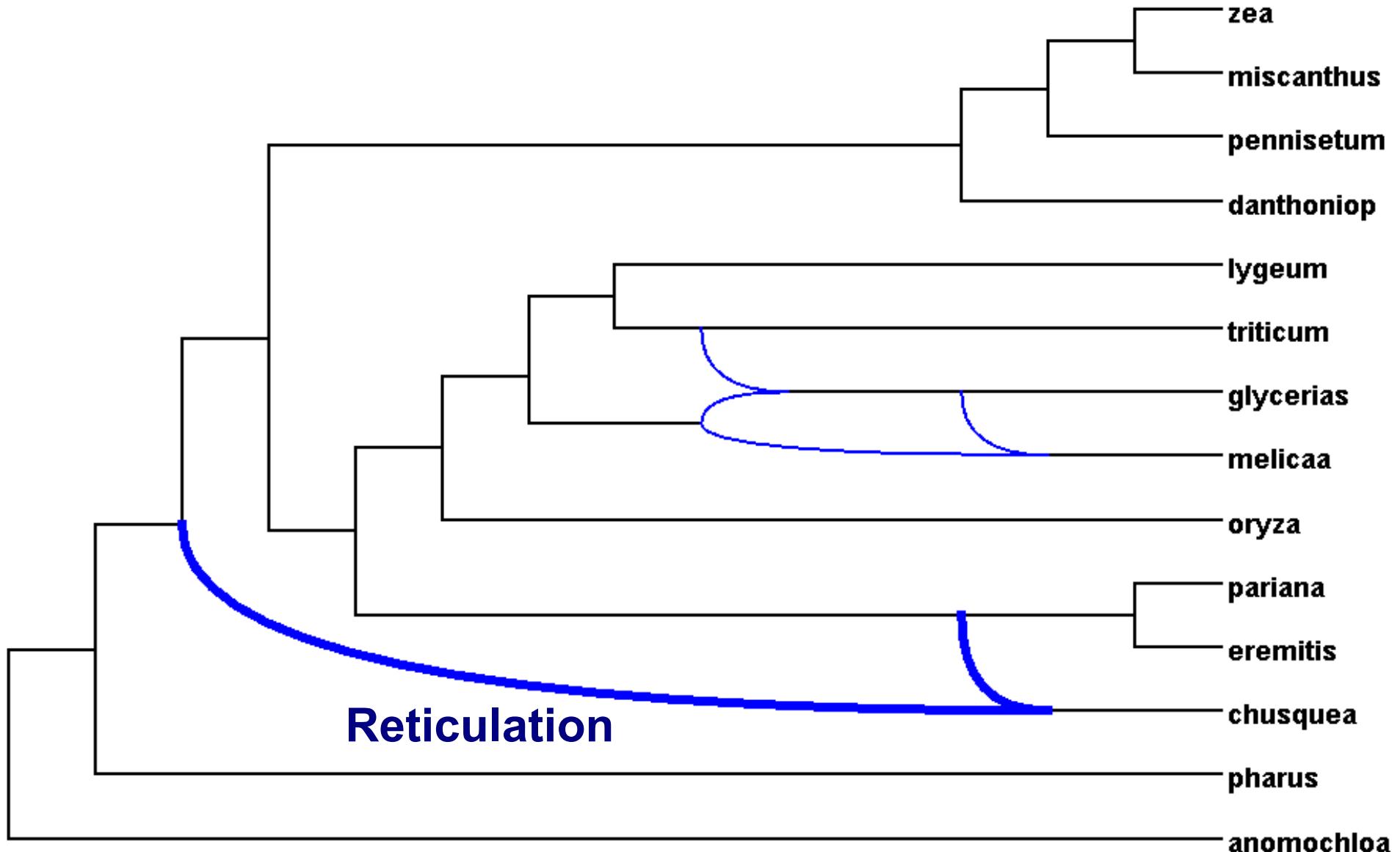
Phylogenetic Tree



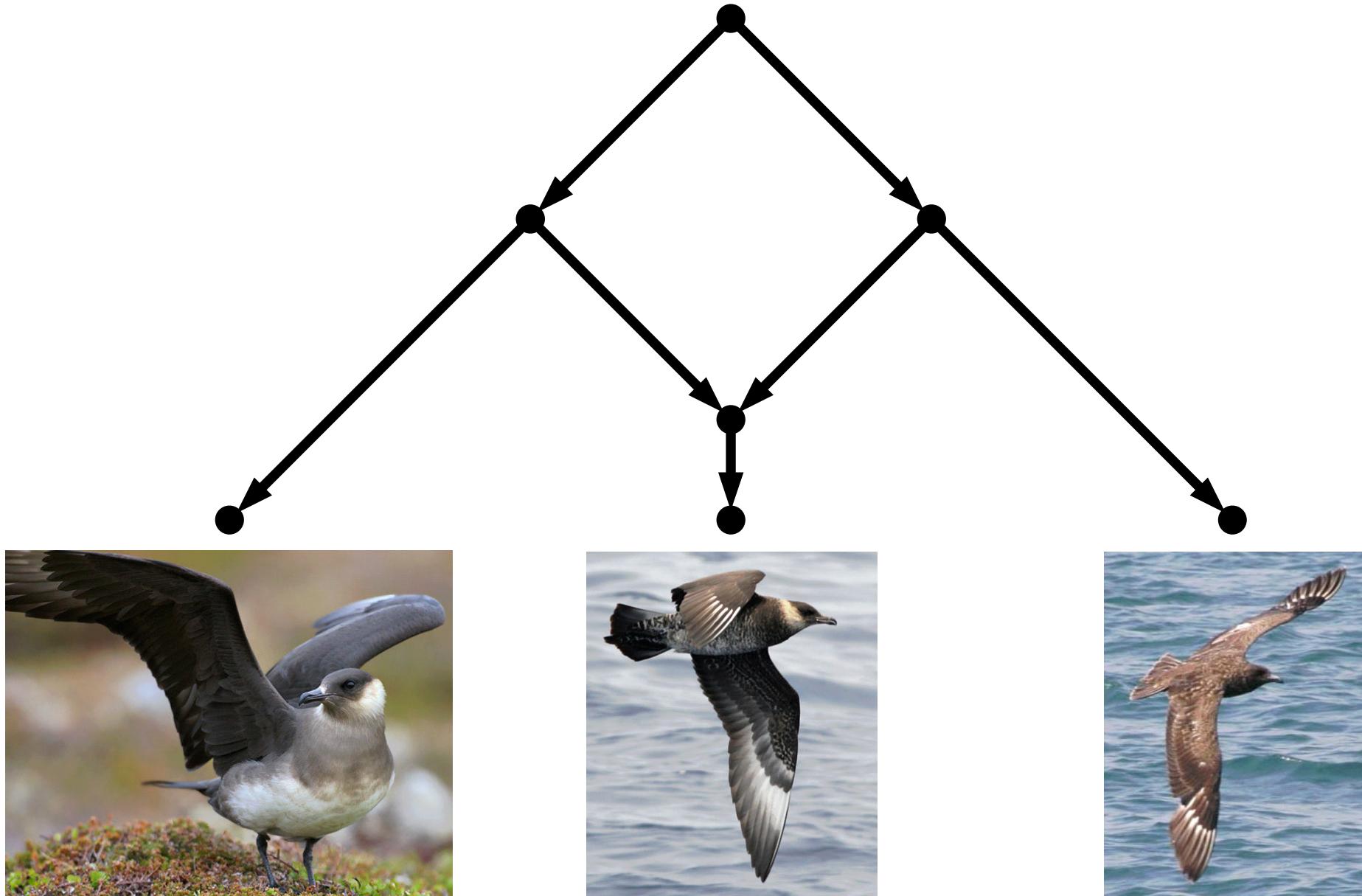
Phylogenetic Network



Phylogenetic Network



Phylogenetic Networks

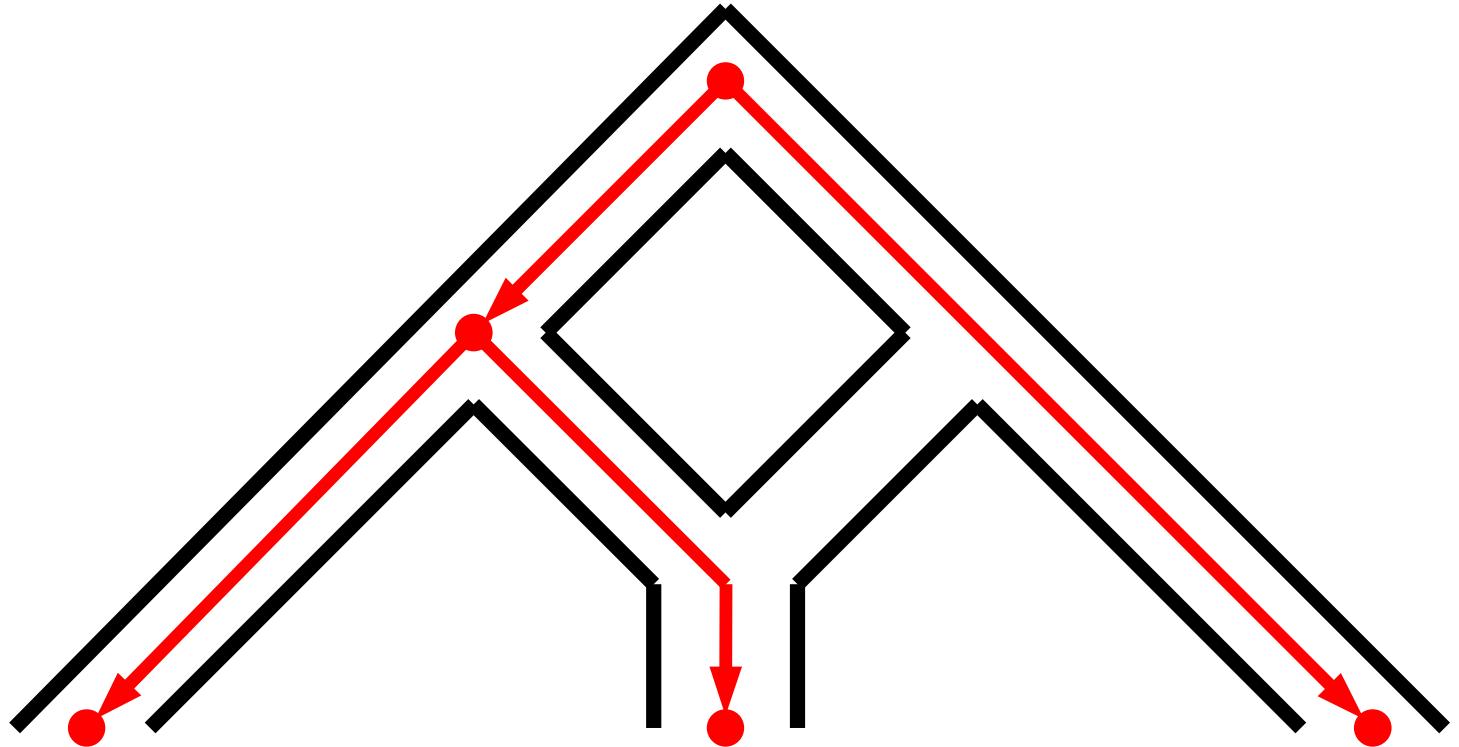


Parasitic Jaeger

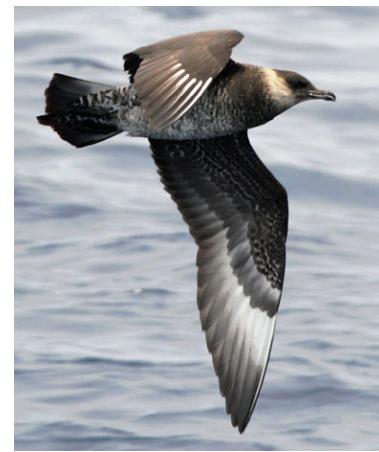
Pomarine Skua

Great Skua

Phylogenetic Networks



Parasitic Jaeger

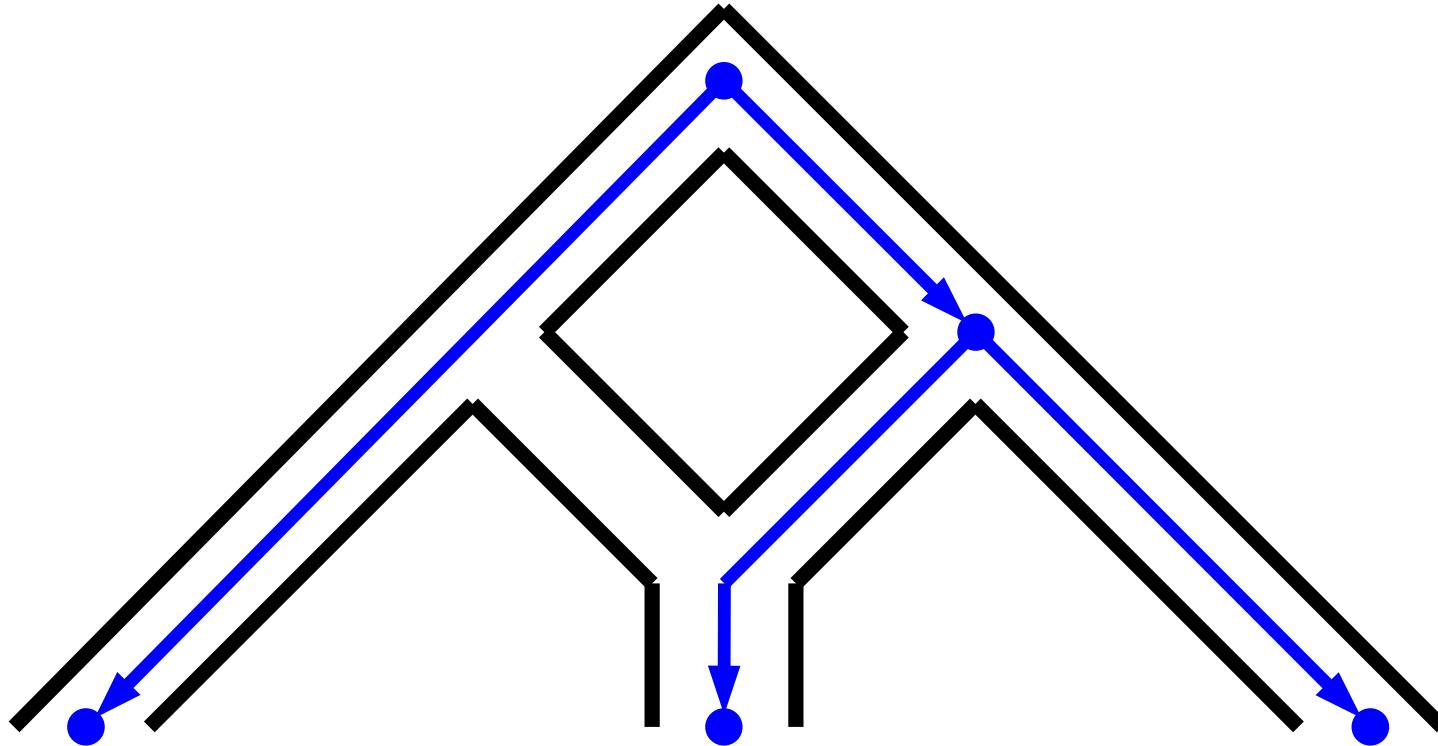


Pomarine Skua

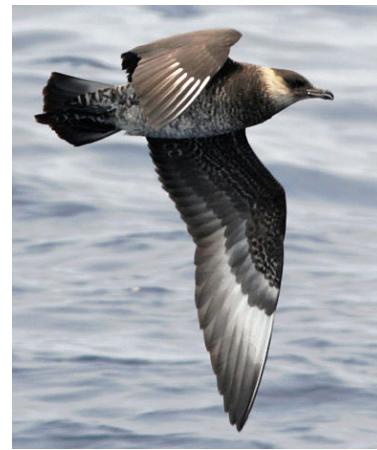


Great Skua

Phylogenetic Networks



Parasitic Jaeger



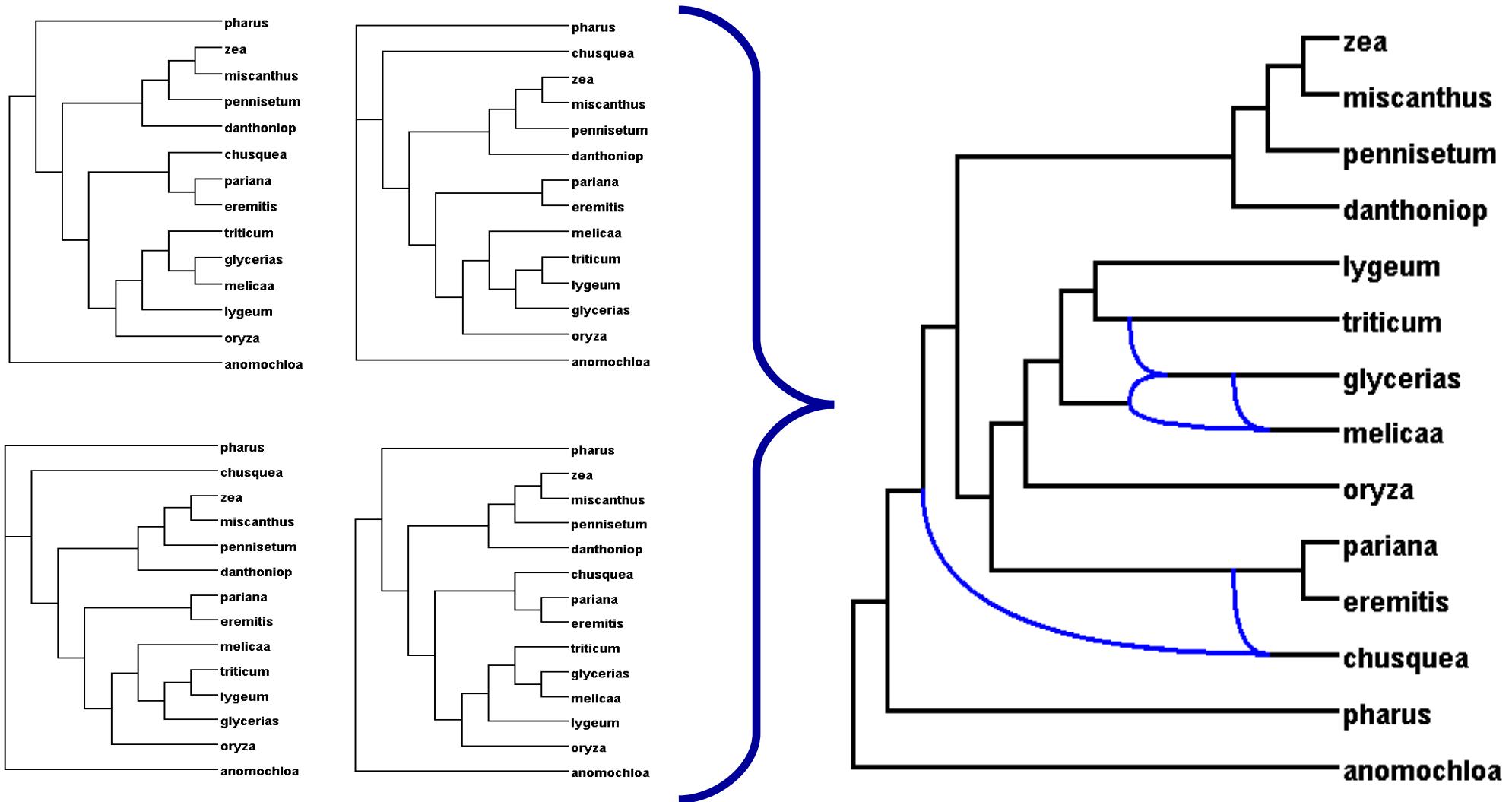
Pomarine Skua



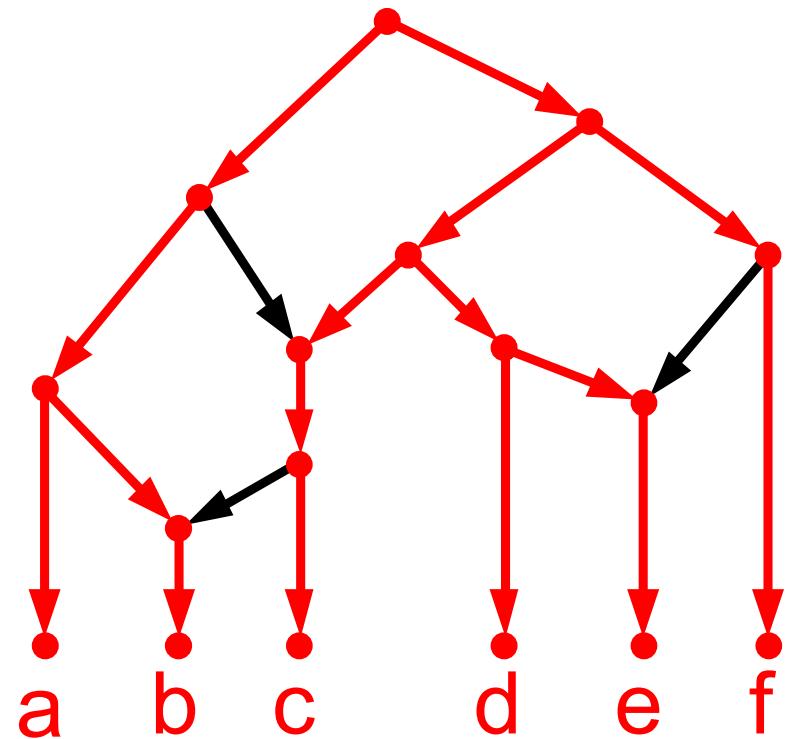
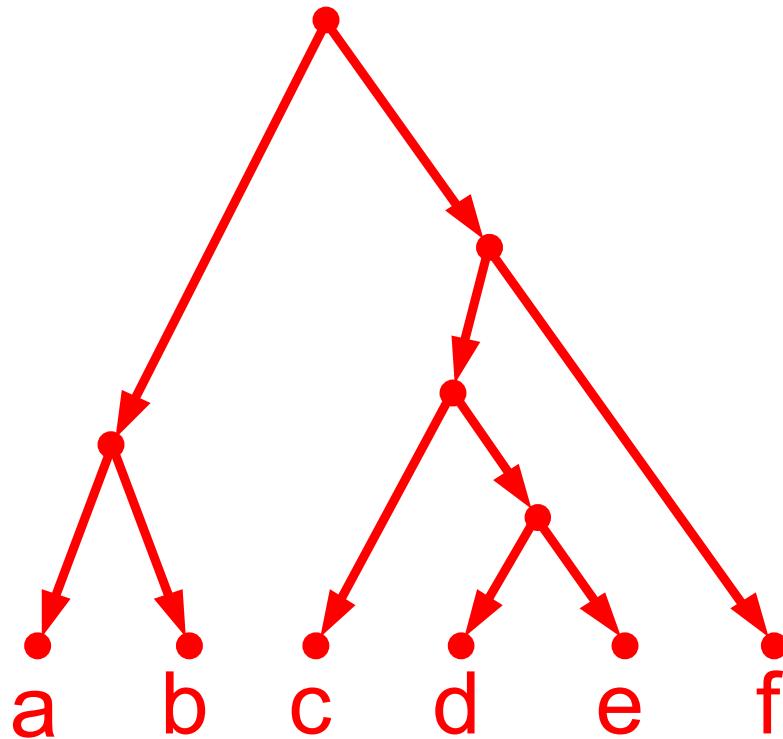
Great Skua

Phylogenetic Networks

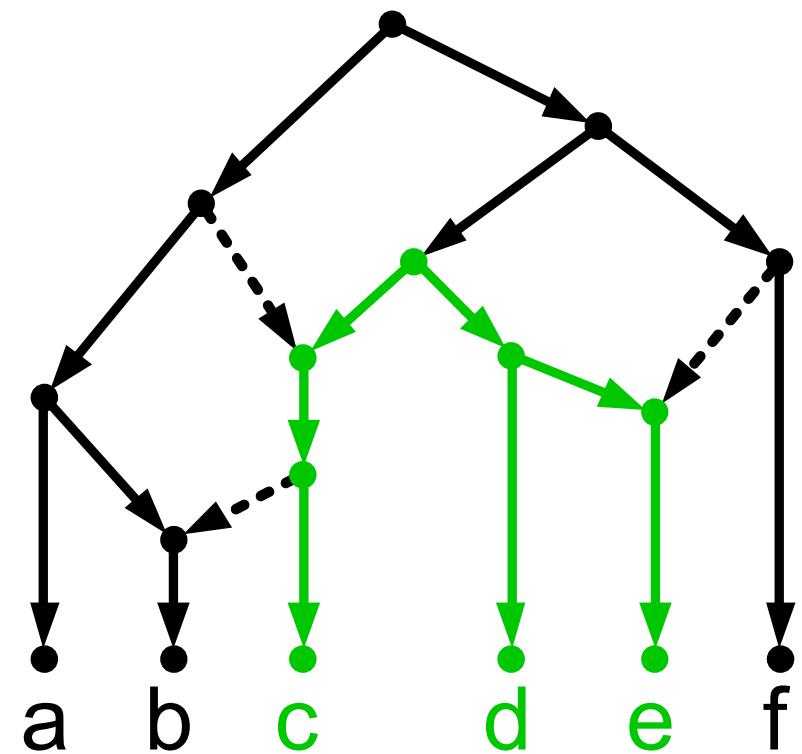
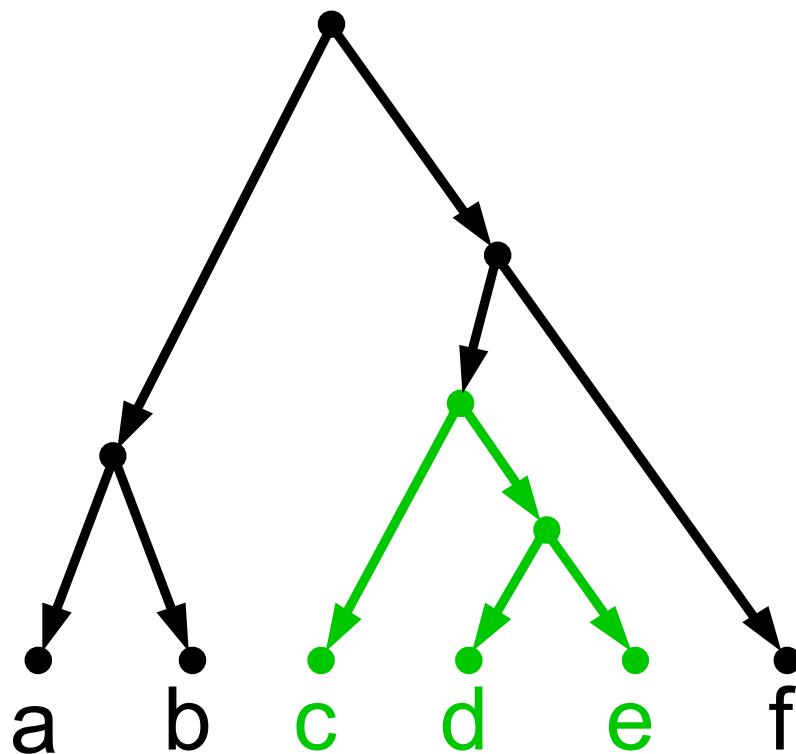
Combining Phylogenetic Trees into a Phylogenetic Network



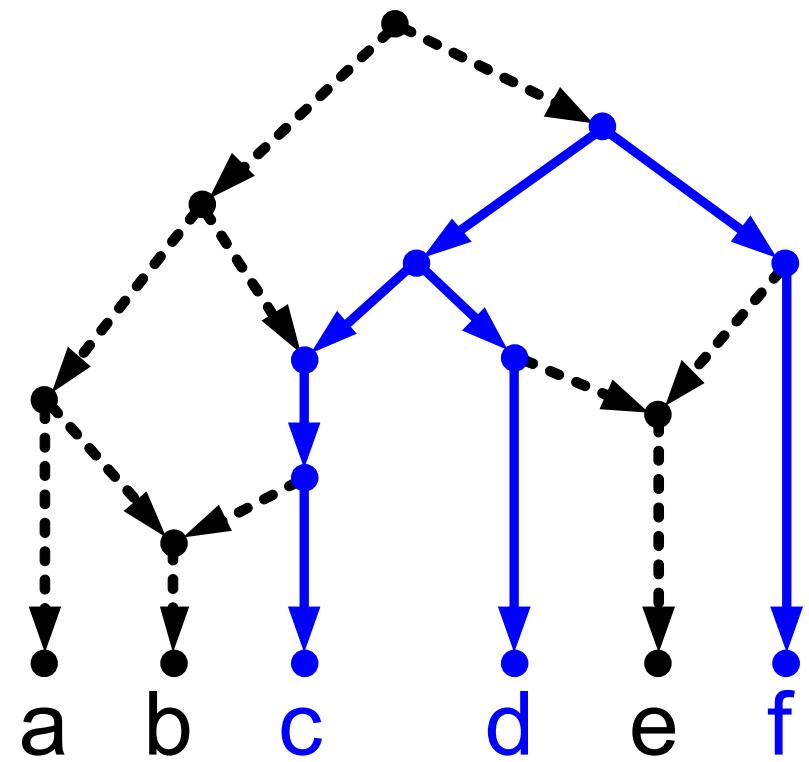
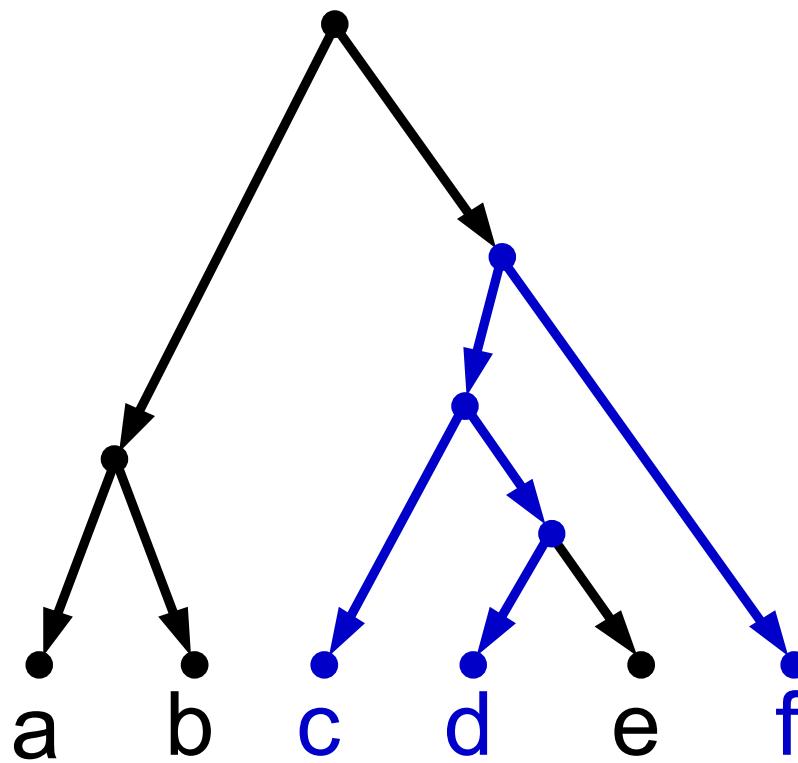
Tree Model



Cluster Model

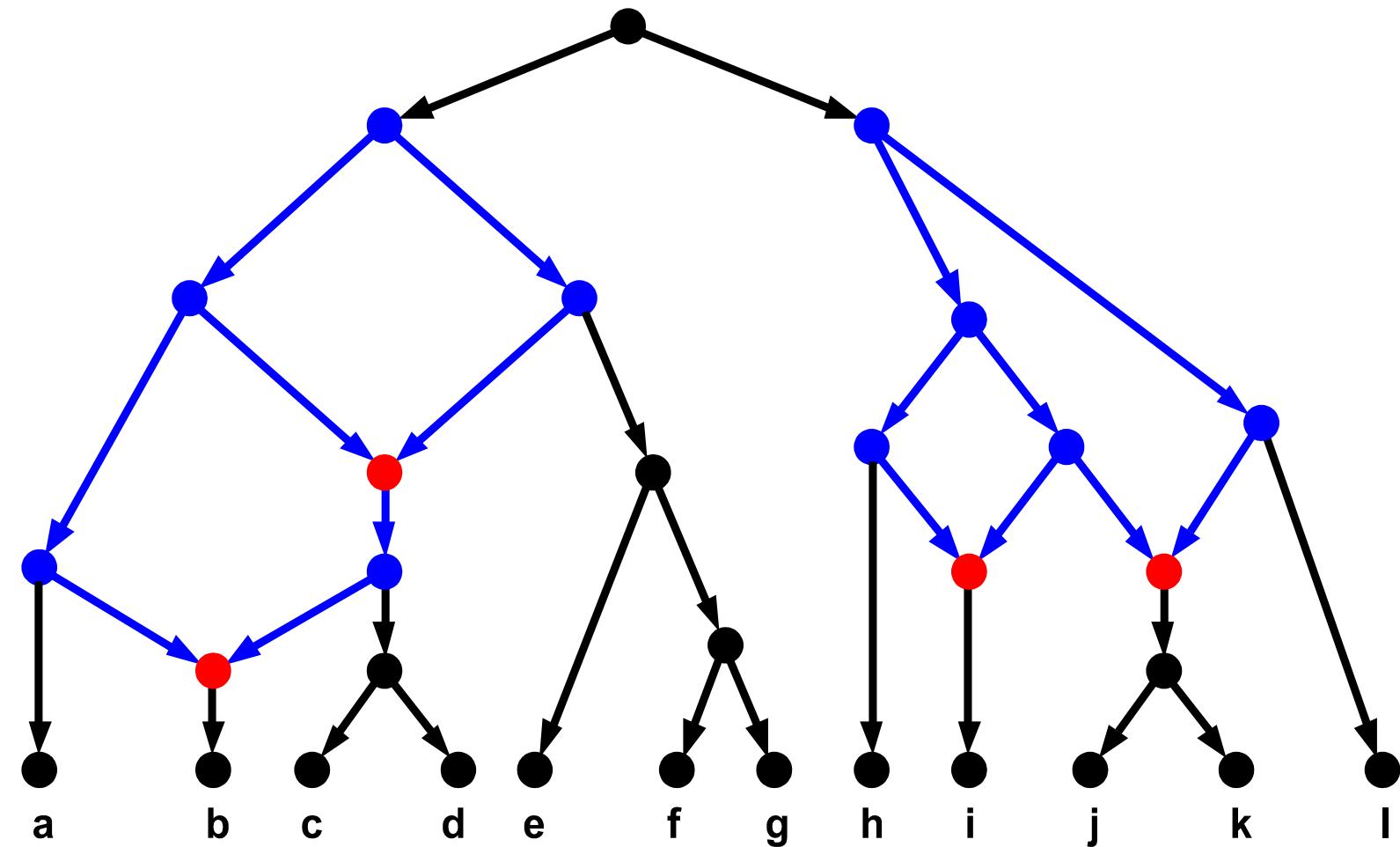


Triplet Model



Phylogenetic Networks

Definition: the *level* of a network is the maximum number of *reticulations* per *biconnected component*



Phylogenetic Network Problems

- **Given:** a set of **triplets/clusters/trees**
- **Find:** a **network** that represents all triplets/clusters/trees
- **Minimise:** the **level** of the network / total number of **reticulations**

Phylogenetic Networks

IF a network displays the trees
THEN it displays all clusters from the trees

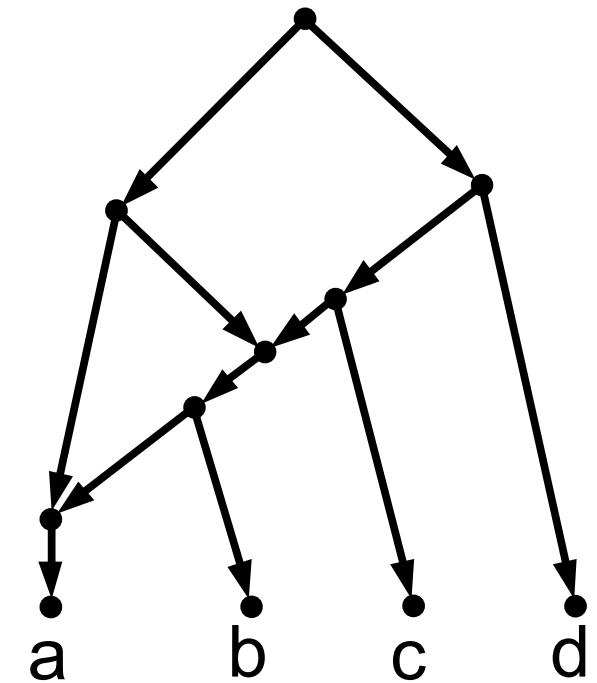
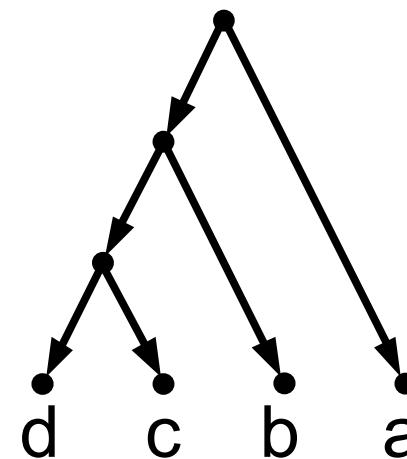
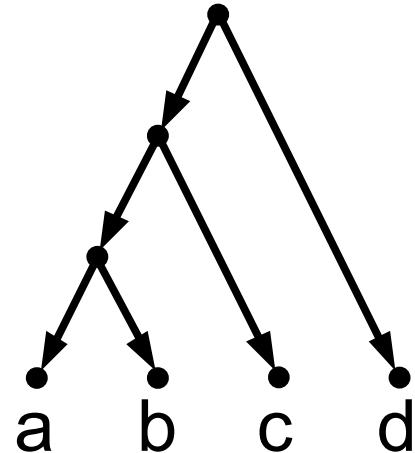
But not the other way round

Phylogenetic Networks

IF a network displays the trees
THEN it displays all clusters from the trees

But not the other way round

This network displays all clusters from the trees,
but **not** the trees themselves



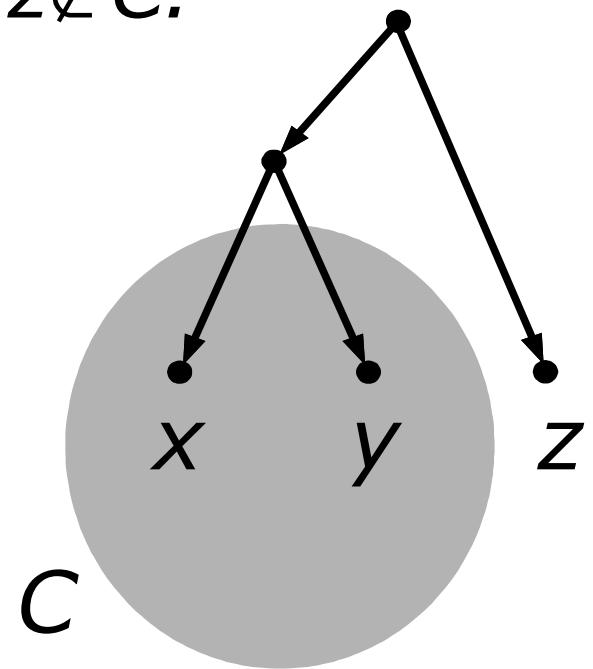
Phylogenetic Networks

IF a network displays all clusters from the trees
THEN it displays all triplets from the trees

IF a network displays all clusters from the trees
THEN it displays all triplets from the trees

Sketch proof

If a network displays a cluster C , then it displays all triplets $xy|z$ with $x,y \in C$ and $z \notin C$.



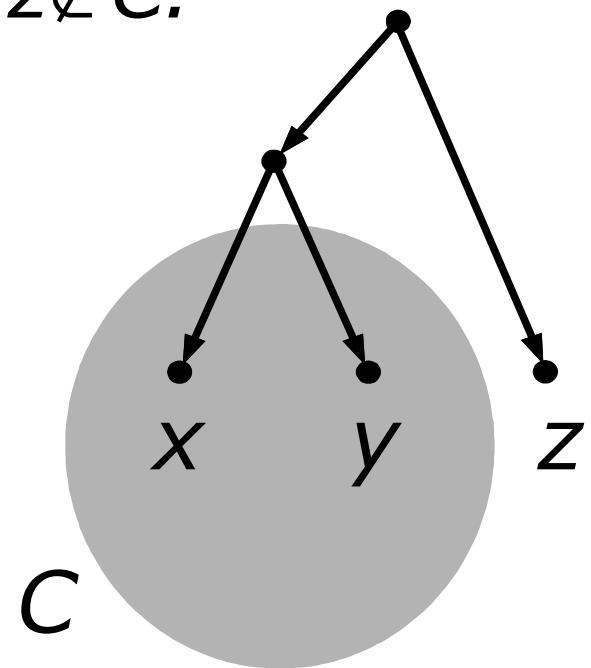
Phylogenetic Networks

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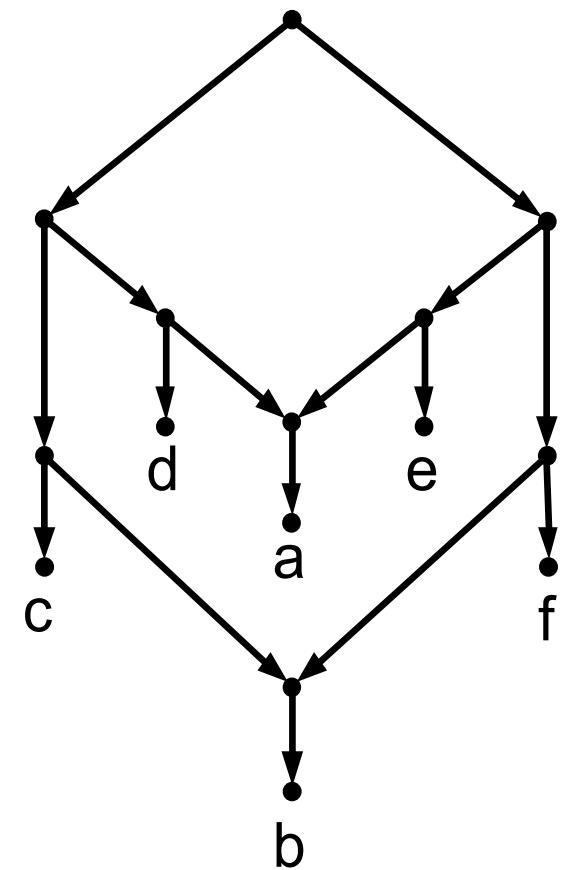
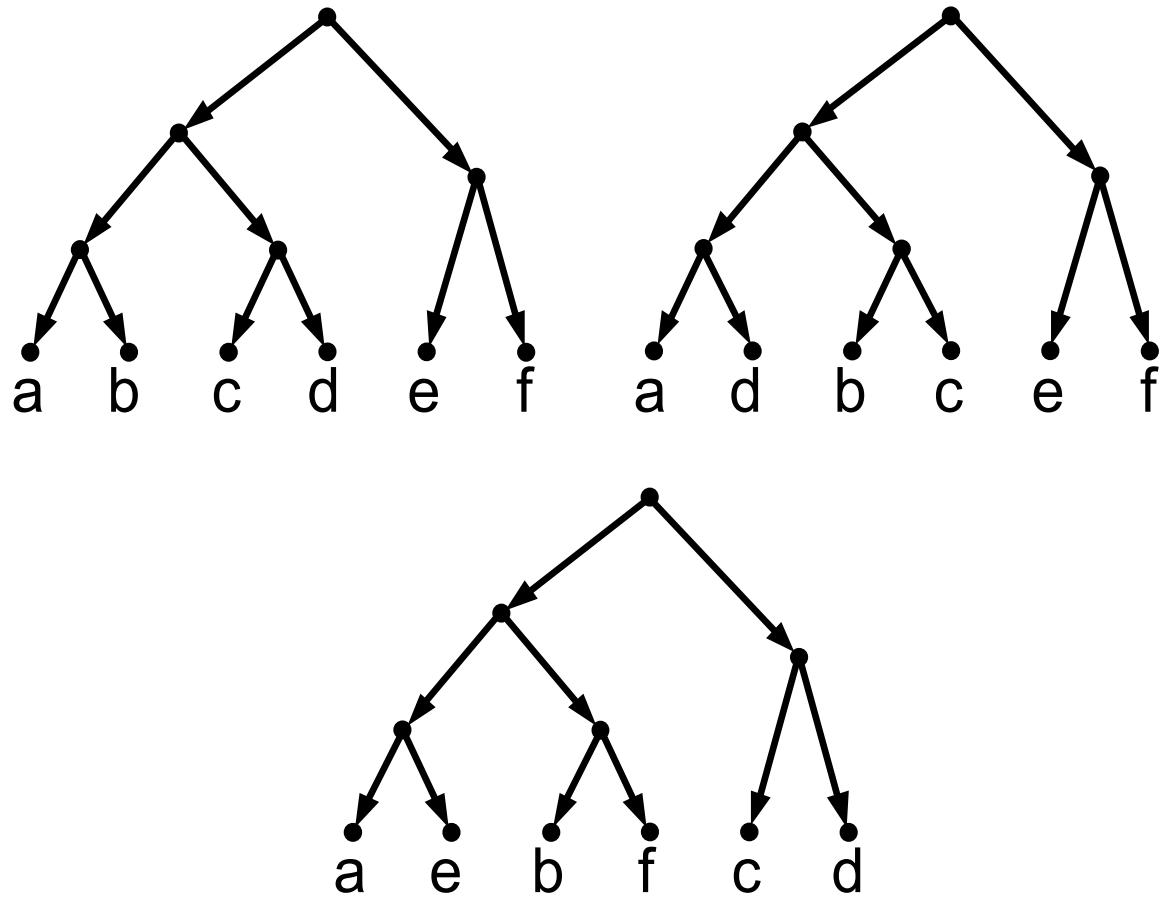
All triplets are of this form,
for some cluster C .



Phylogenetic Networks

IF a network displays all clusters from the trees
THEN it displays all triplets from the trees

But not the other way round



Triplets \leq Clusters \leq Trees

- In general

Triplets \leq Clusters \leq Trees

- For two trees

Triplets = Clusters = Trees

Minimum-Level Network from Triplets

- **Given:** a set of **triplets**
- **Find:** a **network** that represents all triplets
- **Minimise:** the **level** of the network

Algorithm

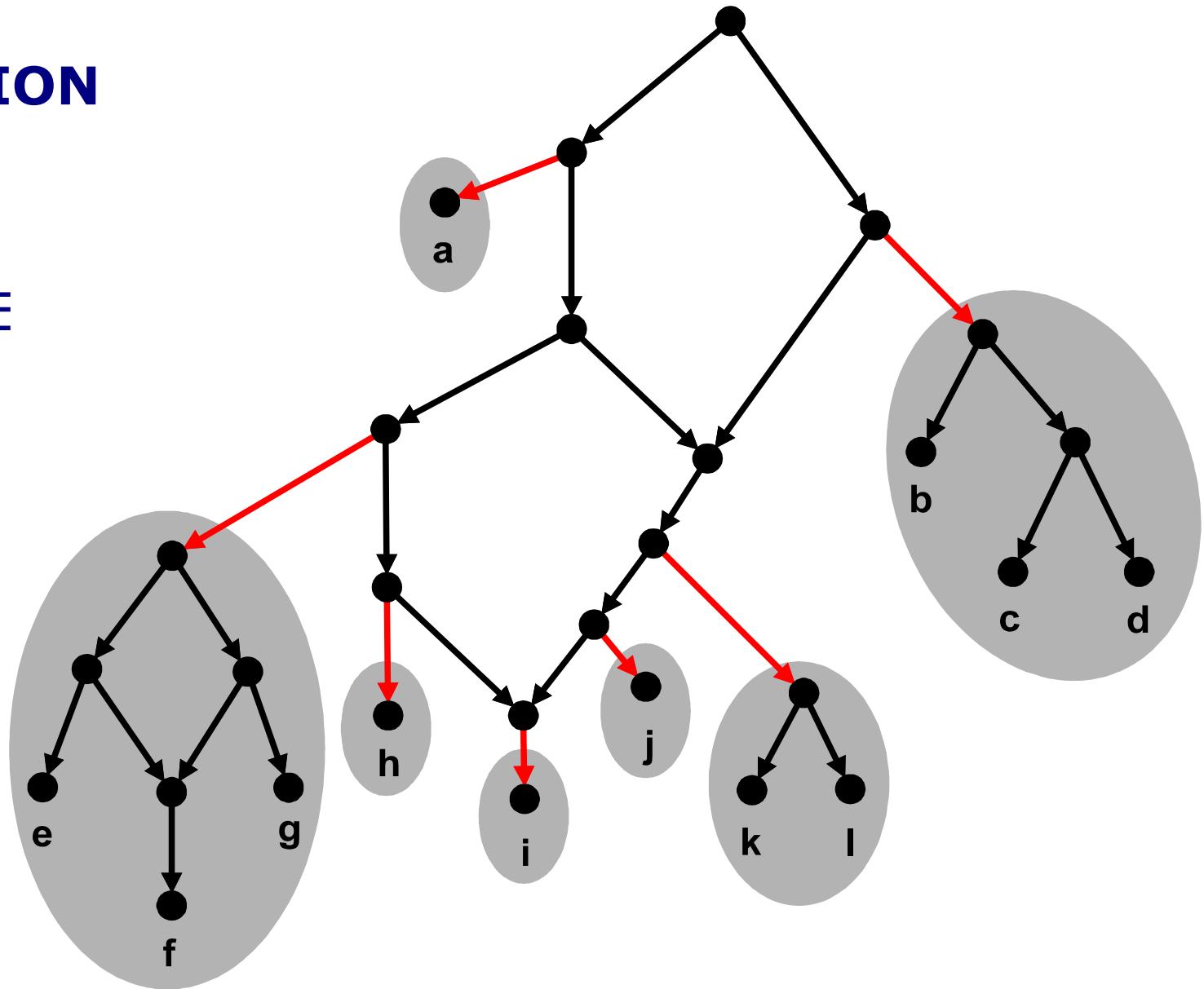
- Polynomial-time for fixed level k
- Input needs to contain a triplet for each combination of three leaves
- Otherwise the problem is NP-hard for every fixed k

Algorithm

- **PARTITION** the leaves into a correct partition
- **INDUCE** a new set of triplets where each block of the partition becomes a single superleaf
- **SOLVE** a simpler version of the problem
- **RECURSE** inside each superleaf

Algorithm

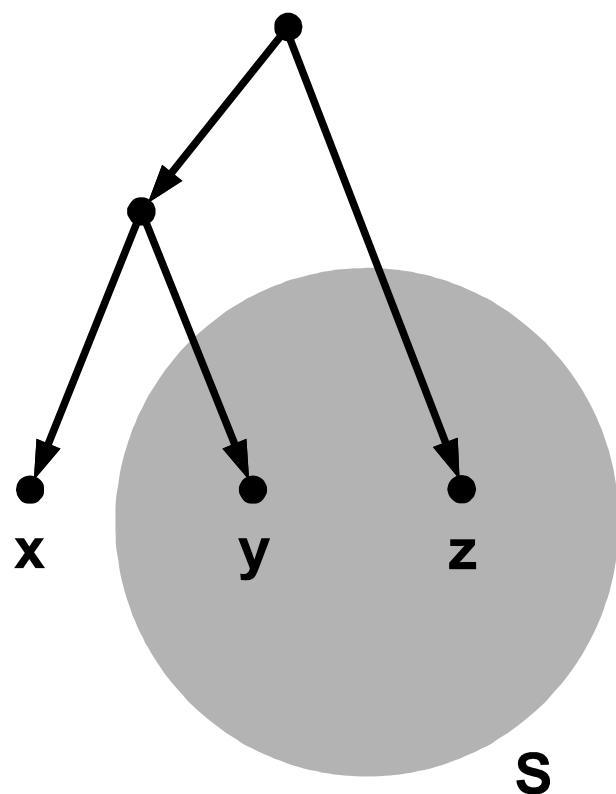
- PARTITION
- INDUCE
- SOLVE
- RECURSE



Algorithm

- PARTITION
- INDUCE
- SOLVE
- RECURSE

- **Definition.** Subset S of the leaves is an **SN-set** if there is no triplet $xy|z$ with $y,z \in S$ and $x \notin S$

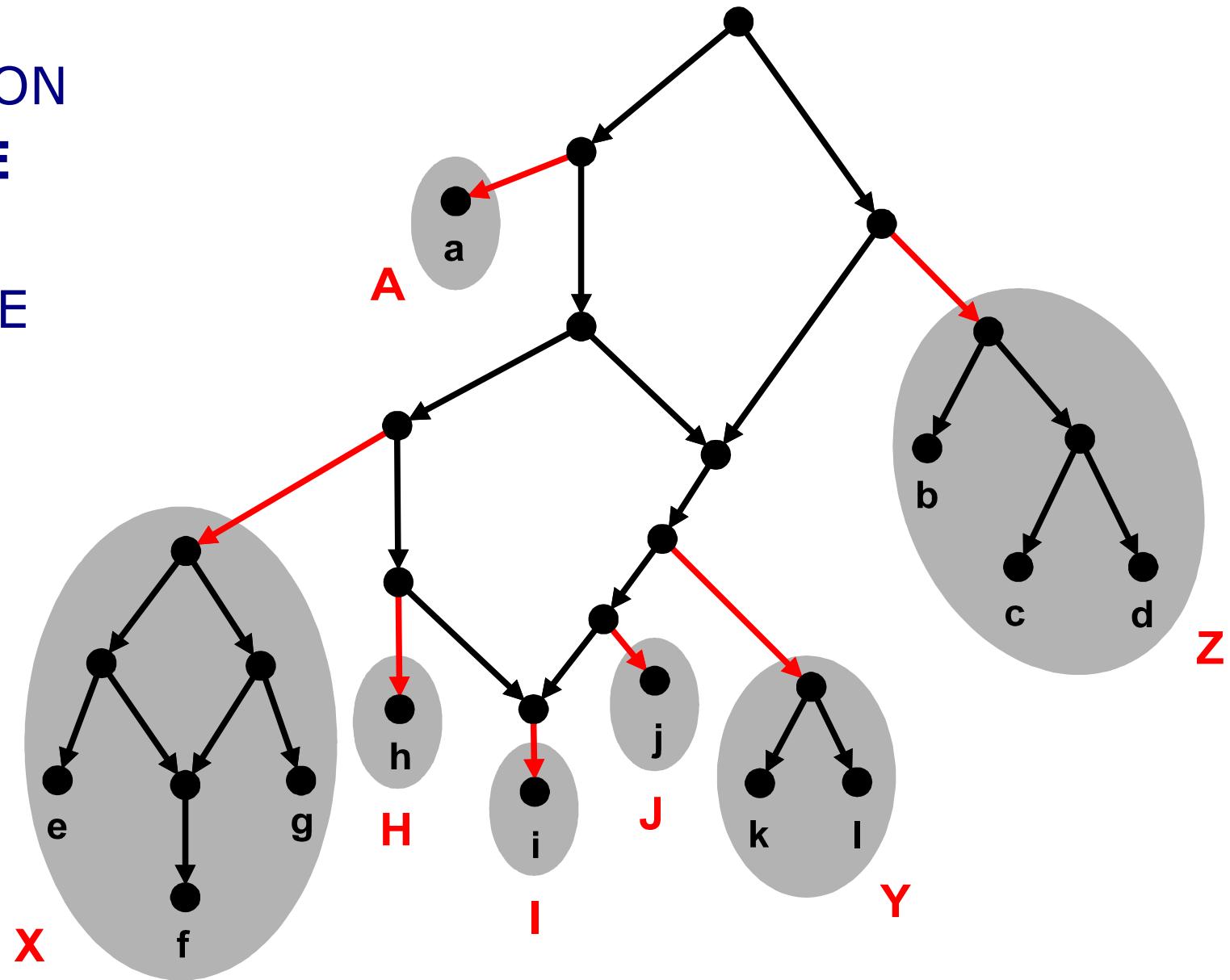


Algorithm

- PARTITION
- INDUCE
- SOLVE
- RECURSE
 - For **level-1**: maximal SN-sets form a correct partition
 - For **level-2**: at most **one** SN-set needs to be split
 - For **level- k** : at most $f(k)$ SN-sets need to be split

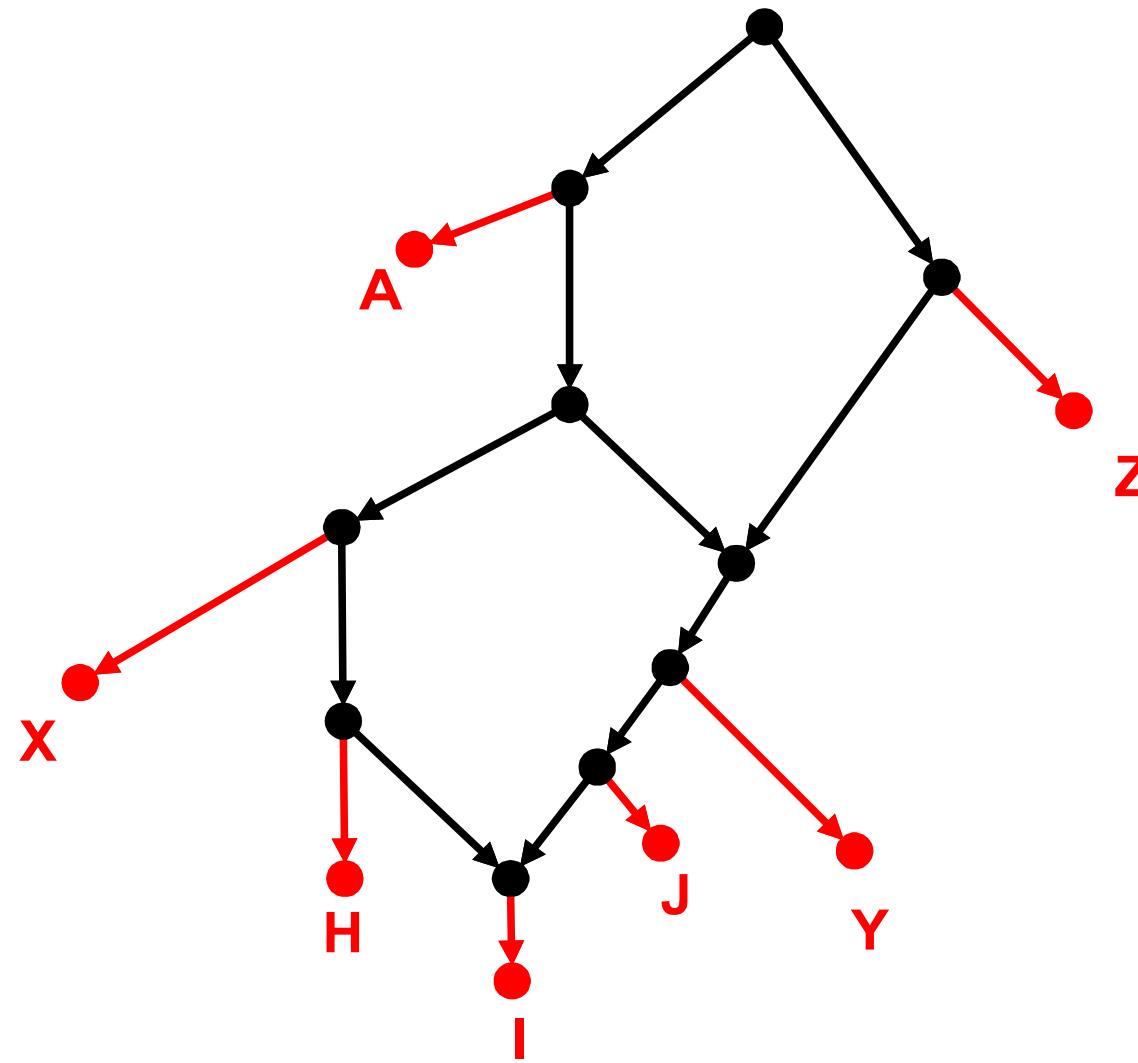
Algorithm

- PARTITION
- INDUCE
- SOLVE
- RECURSE



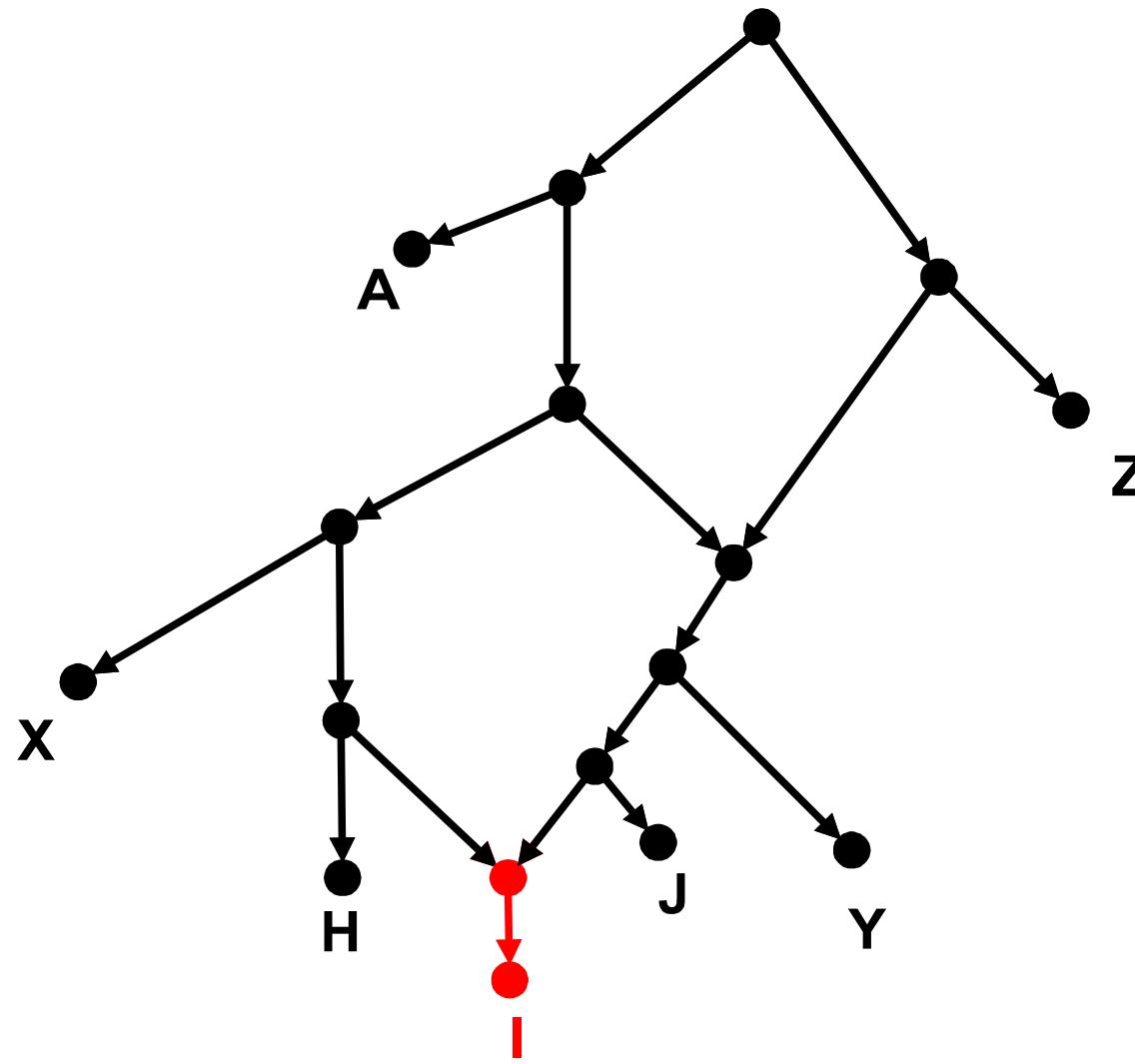
Algorithm

- PARTITION
- INDUCE
- SOLVE
- RECURSE



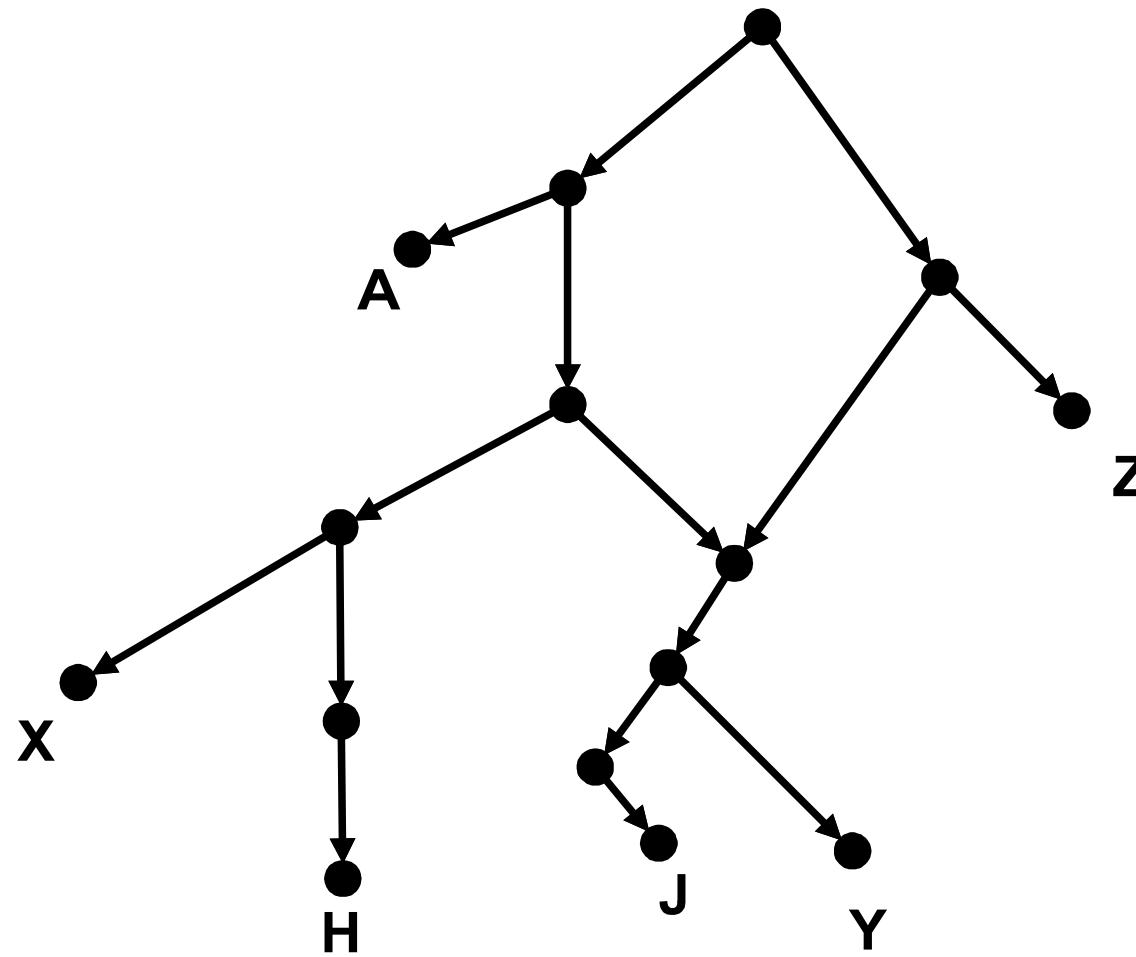
Algorithm

- PARTITION
- INDUCE
- **SOLVE**
- RECURSE



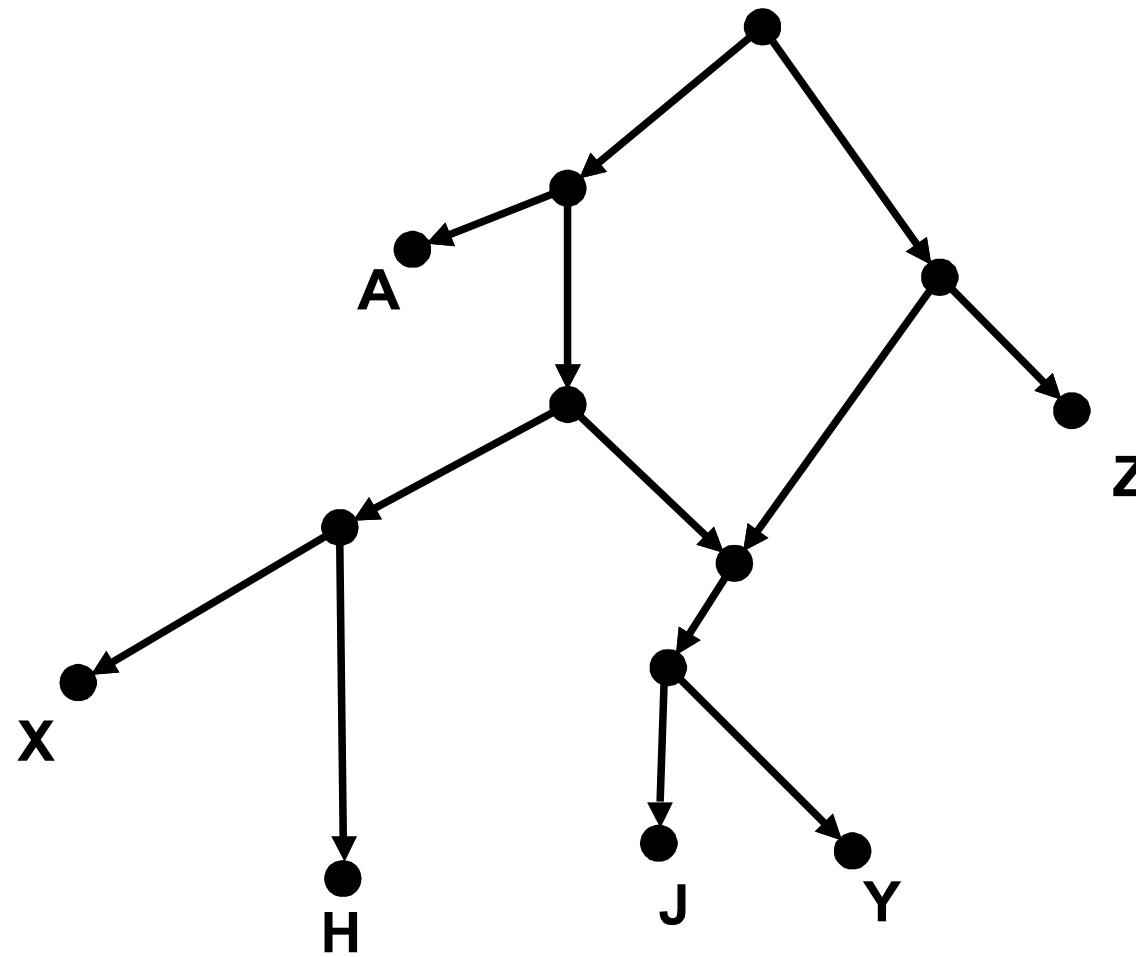
Algorithm

- PARTITION
- INDUCE
- **SOLVE**
- RECURSE



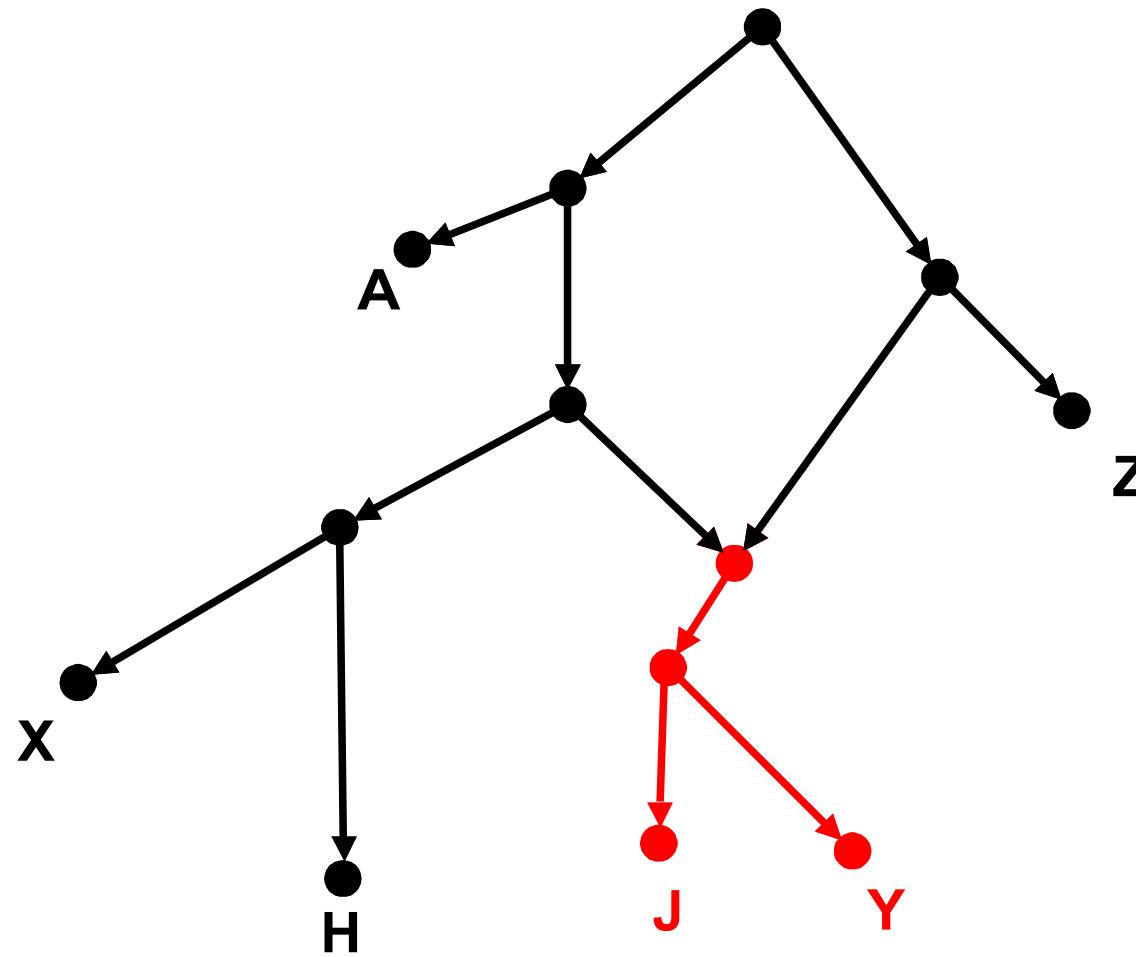
Algorithm

- PARTITION
- INDUCE
- **SOLVE**
- RECURSE



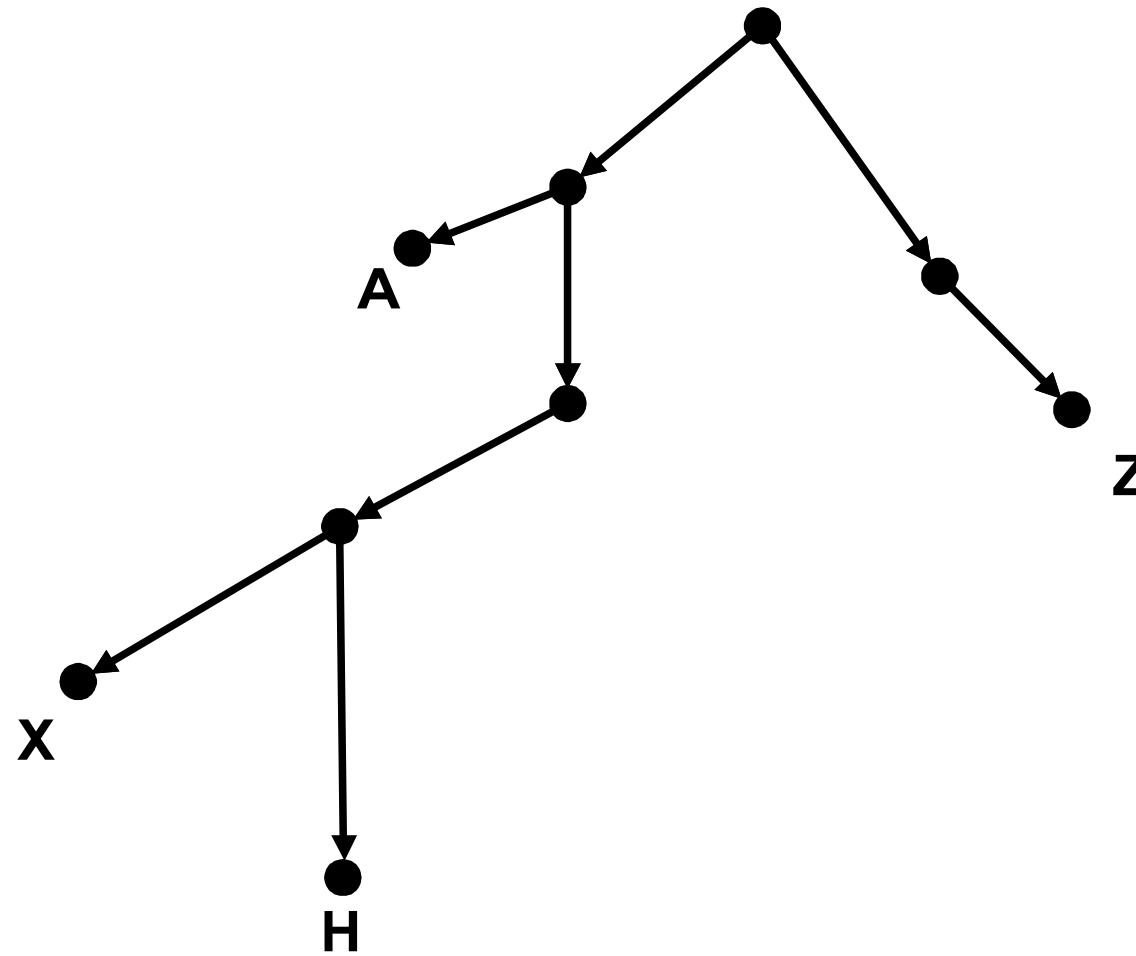
Algorithm

- PARTITION
- INDUCE
- **SOLVE**
- RECURSE



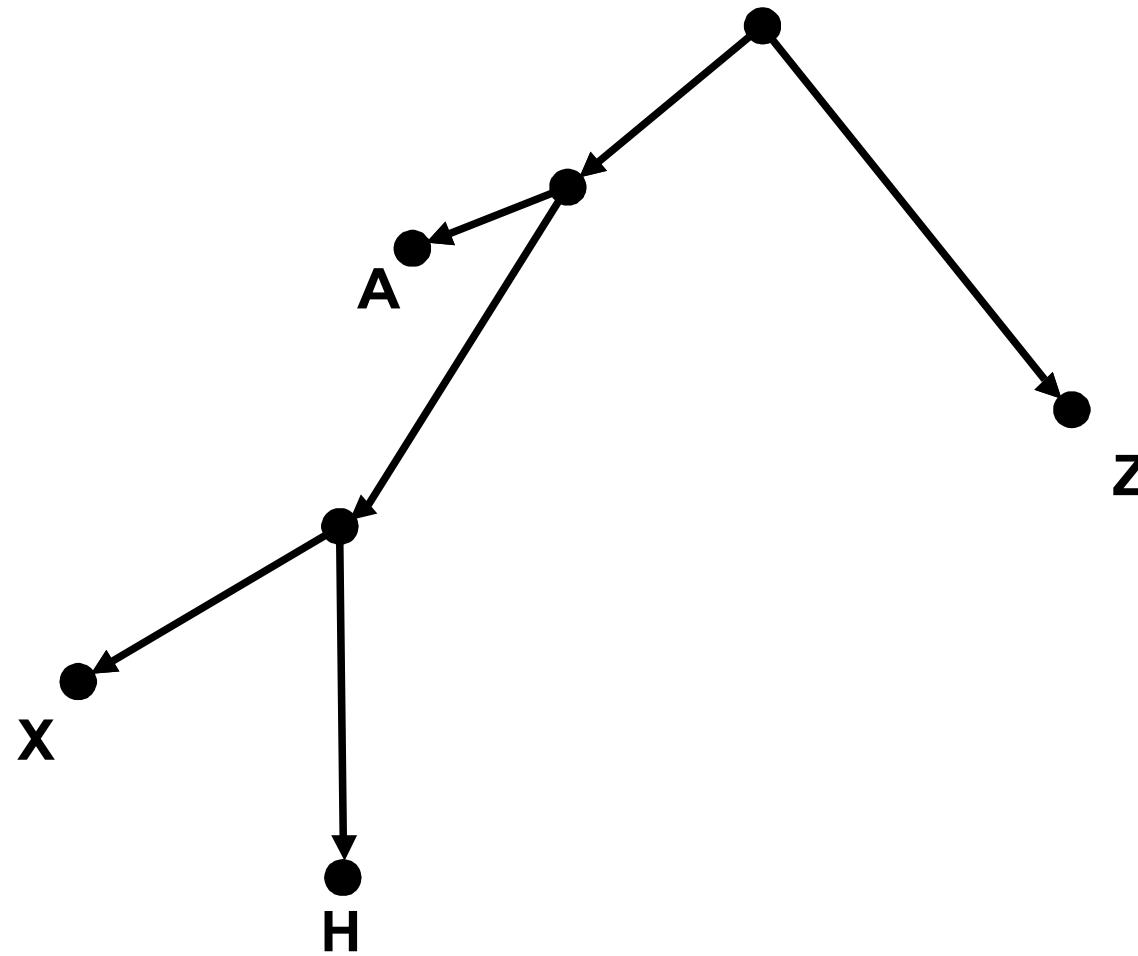
Algorithm

- PARTITION
- INDUCE
- **SOLVE**
- RECURSE



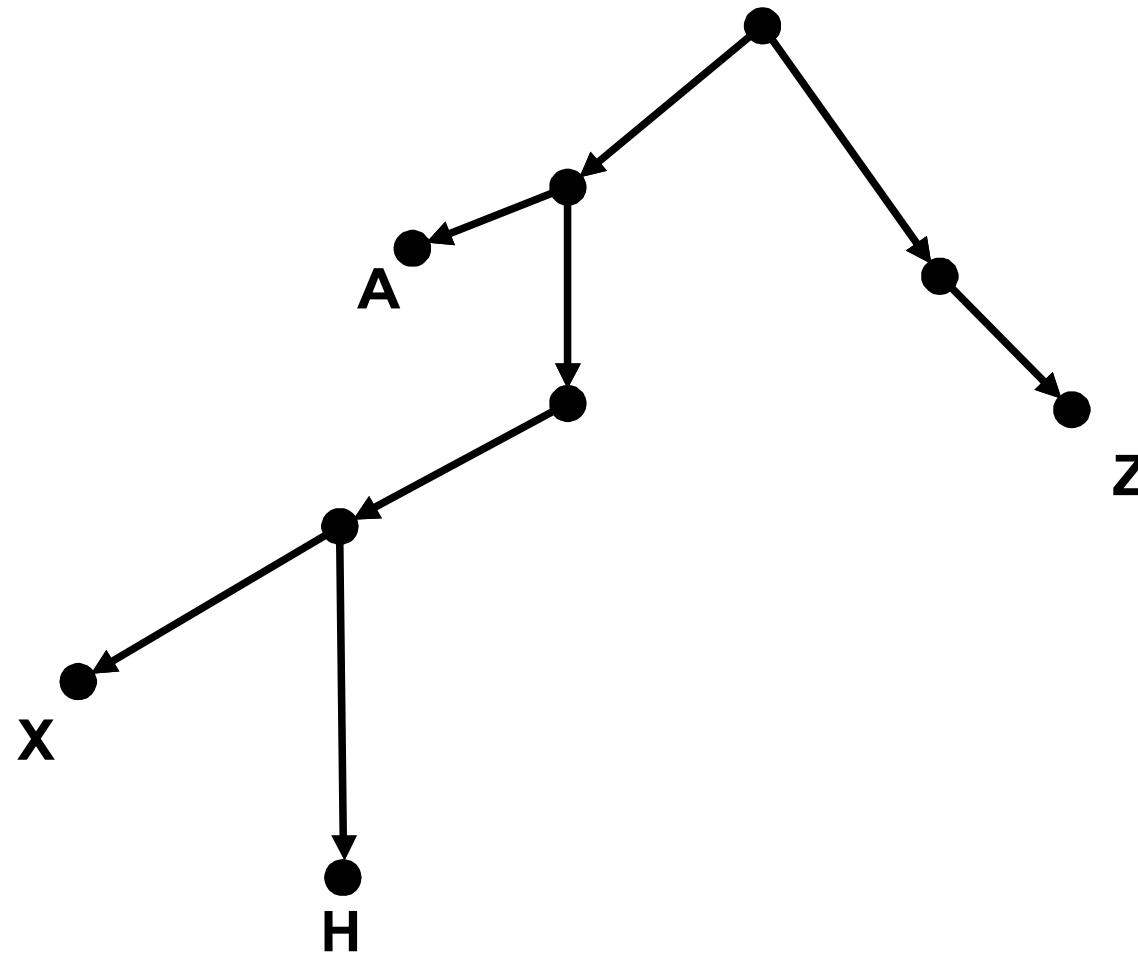
Algorithm

- PARTITION
- INDUCE
- **SOLVE**
- RECURSE



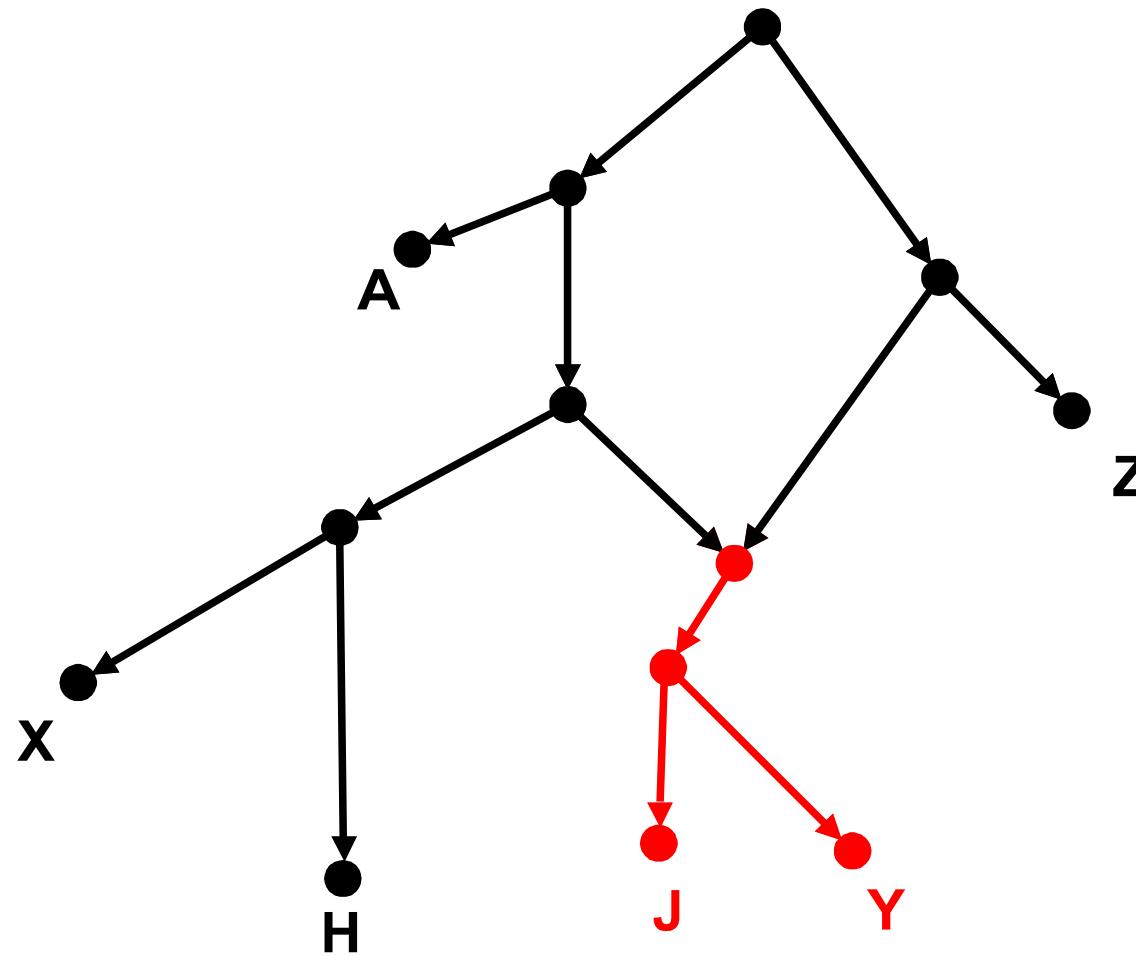
Algorithm

- PARTITION
- INDUCE
- **SOLVE**
- RECURSE



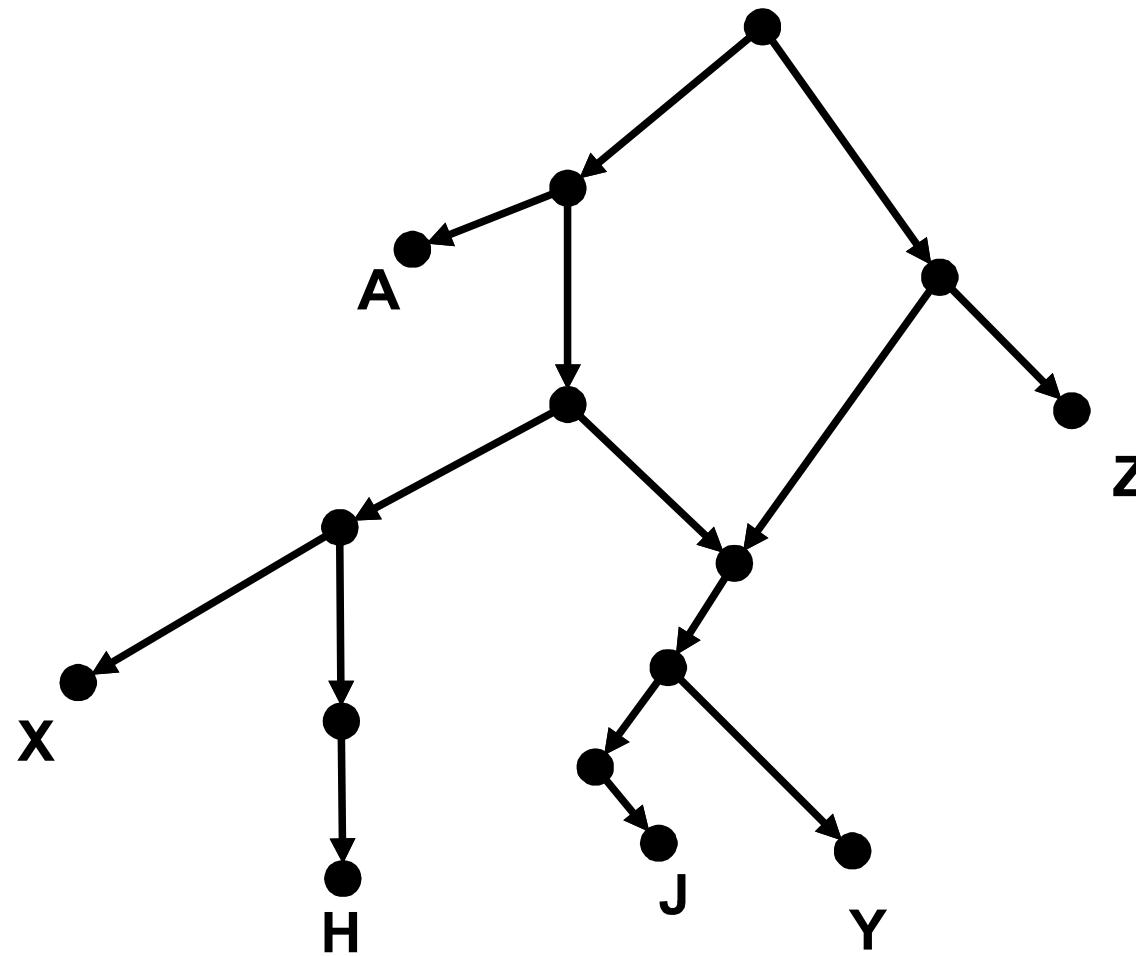
Algorithm

- PARTITION
- INDUCE
- **SOLVE**
- RECURSE



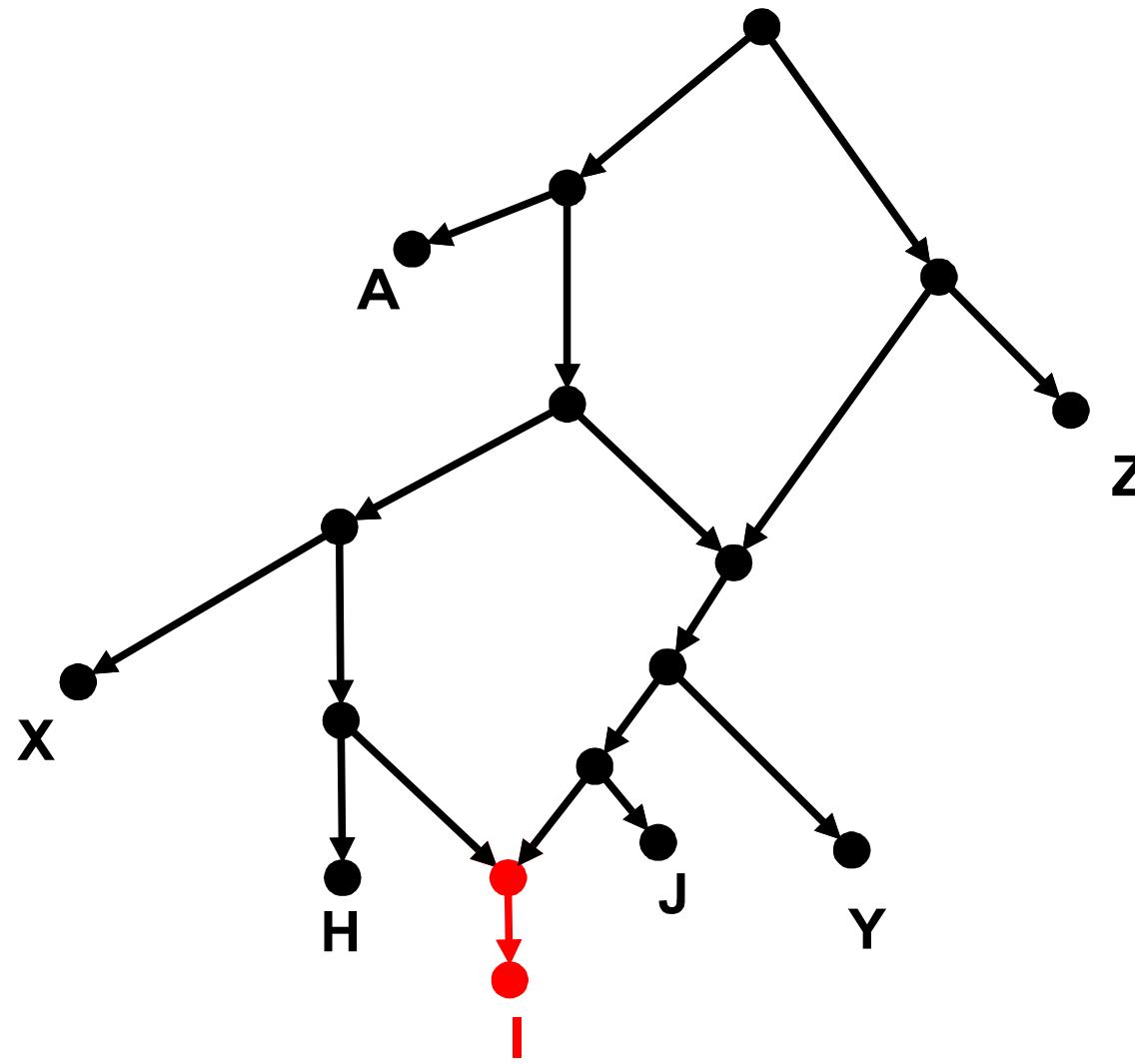
Algorithm

- PARTITION
- INDUCE
- **SOLVE**
- RECURSE



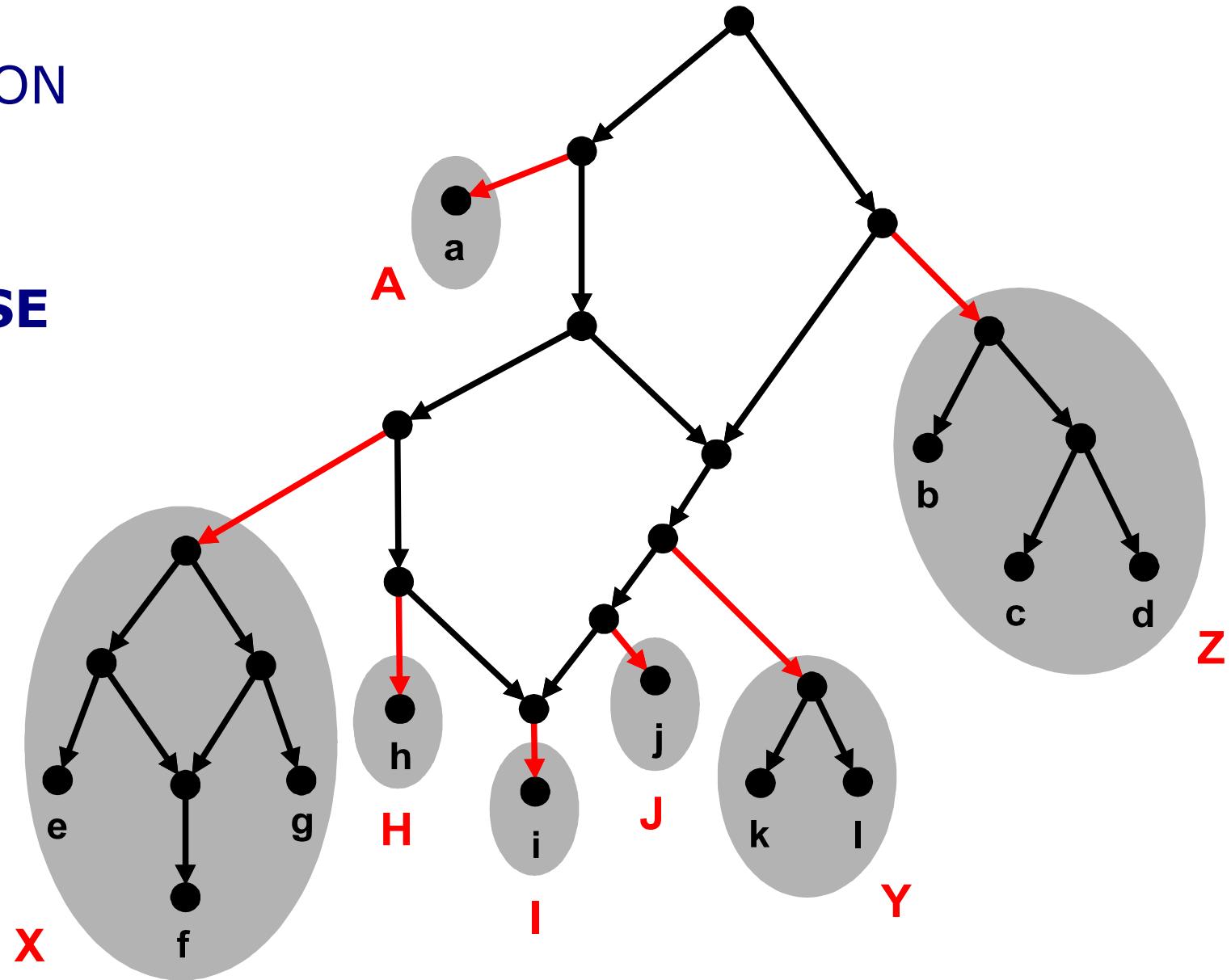
Algorithm

- PARTITION
- INDUCE
- **SOLVE**
- RECURSE



Algorithm

- PARTITION
- INDUCE
- SOLVE
- RECURSE



Algorithms for Combining Phylogenetic Trees into a Network

