

Reorganizing and resizing clinical wards

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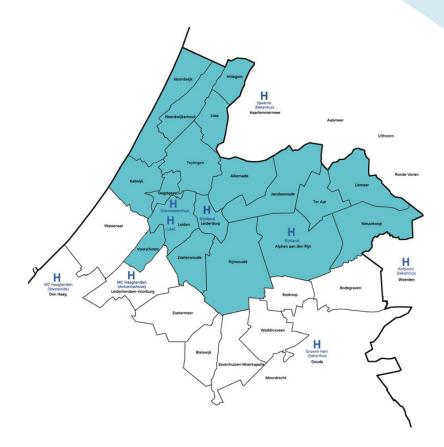
Introduction Rijnland Ziekenhuis (1)

- General hospital in Leiderdorp
 - Activite, Rijnlands Revalidatiecentrum, NOK
- 470 acknowledged beds
 - 384 beds in use
 - New ward started in 2008 (emergency admission)
- 125 doctors
- 1320 fte employees



Introduction Rijnland Ziekenhuis (2)

- EUR 125 million revenues in 2008
 - Nearly 117.000 outpatient visits
 - More than 21.000 outpatients (day care)
 - More than 17.000 clinical admissions
- Area covered by Rijnland Ziekenhuis is Zuid-Holland Noord





Background Managing Variability Programme (1)

- Increasing pressure on financial results
- Big issues in hospital
 - Permanent shortage in beds
 - At beginning of 2009 several stops in clinical admissions for emergency patients and several planned operations cancelled
 - Due to shortage of staff limited admission capacity
 - Optimal use of beds via flexible approach
 - OT central and decentralized planning
 - Quality of nursing care?



Background Managing Variability Programme (2)

- Data analysis included 2008
- Number of outpatients and pediatric ward excluded

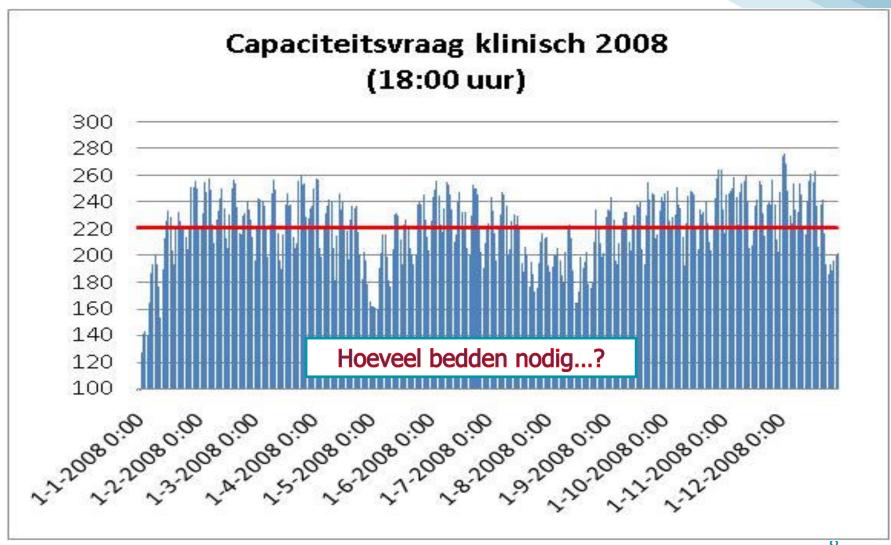


Analysis – Degree of variability Rijnland

Aantal van Opnamenummer								
Klinisch/Dag	Spoed	Snijdend/beschouwend	Totaal Opname	%				
К	Nee	beschouwend	3805	22%				
		snijdend	5013	29%				
	Ja	beschouwend	6851	40%				
		snijdend	1431	9%				
Eindtotaal			17100	100%				

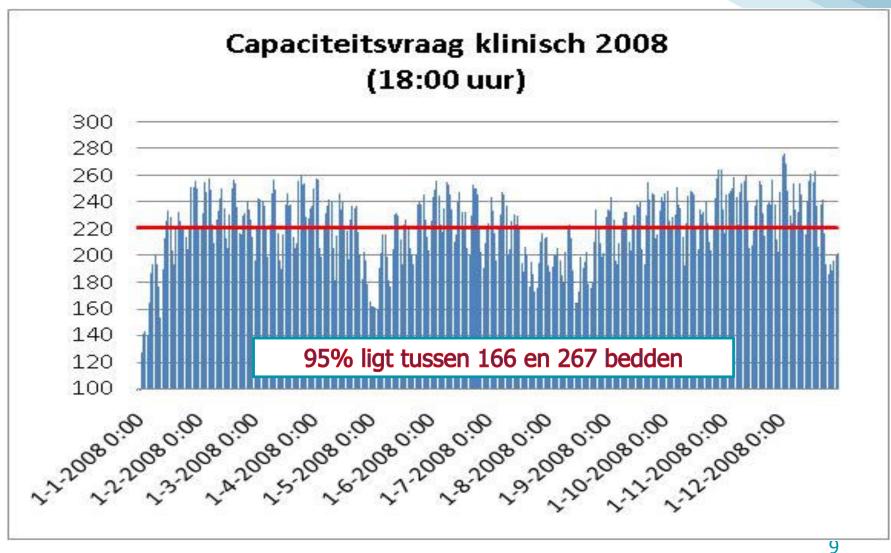


Analysis - Capacity

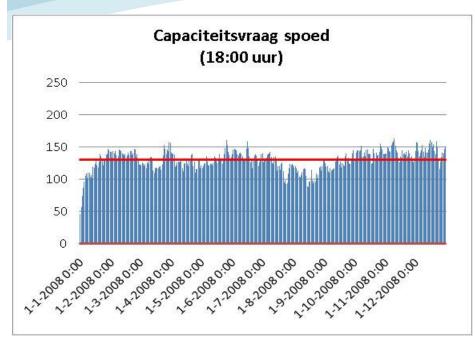




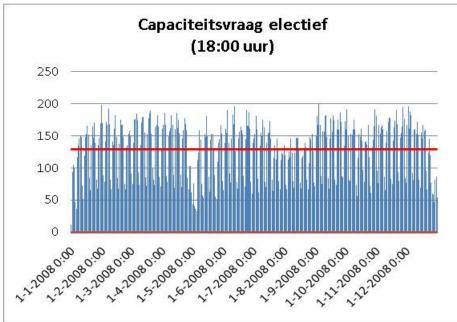
Analysis - Capacity

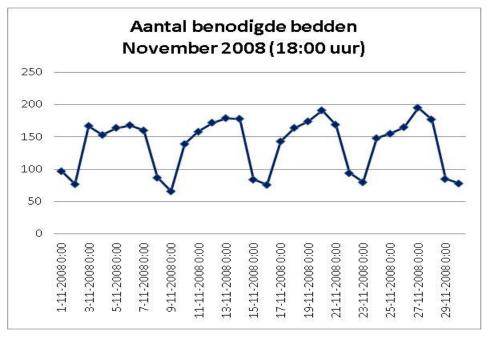




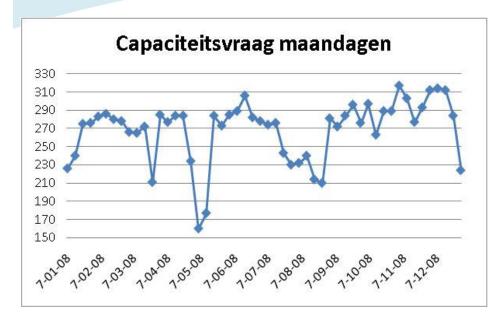


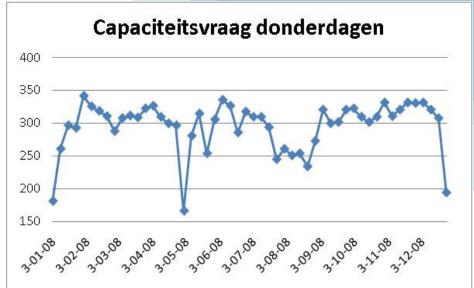


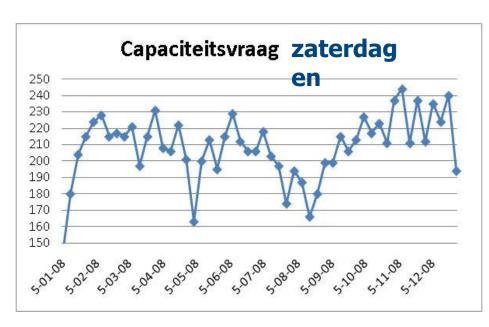


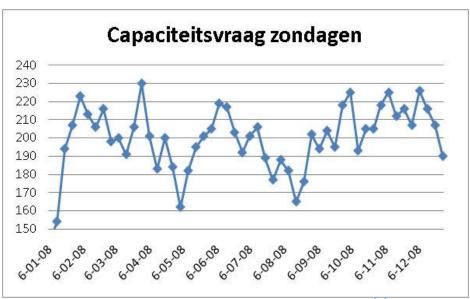










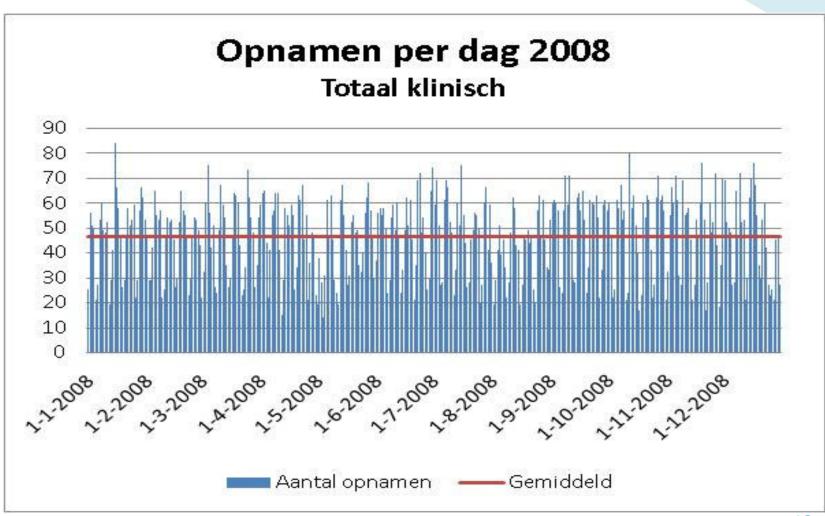




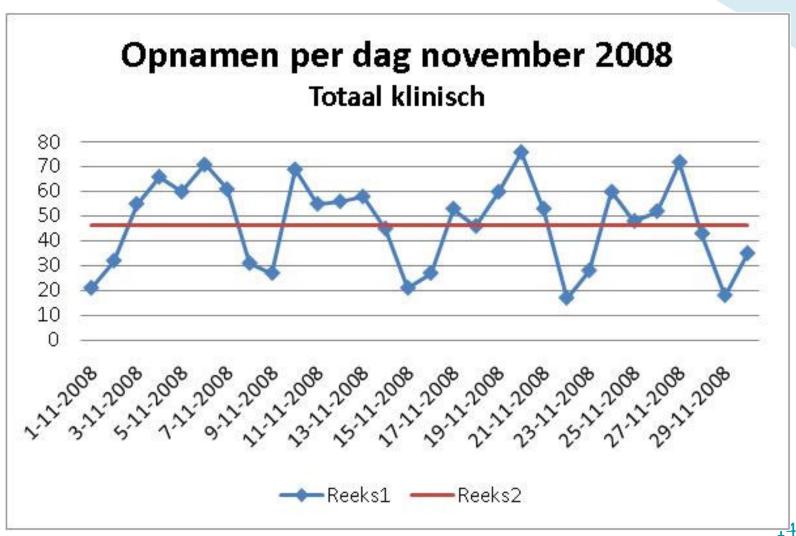
Analysis - Capacity

Klinisch	Aandeel in totaal aantal opnamen	Aandeel in totale vraag naar bedden	Mate van variabiliteit
Totaal beschouwend	62%	58%	0,11
Totaal snijdend	31%	42%	0,19
Totaal spoed	49%	40%	0,12
Totaal electief	44%	60%	0,22
Totaal klinisch	100%	100%	0,12

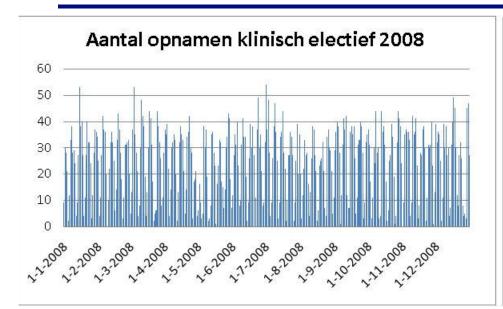


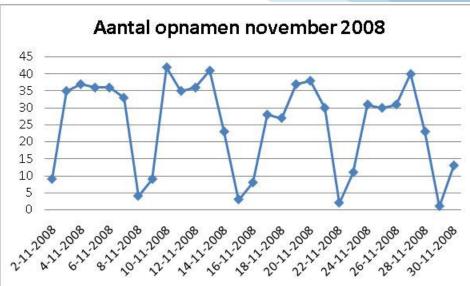


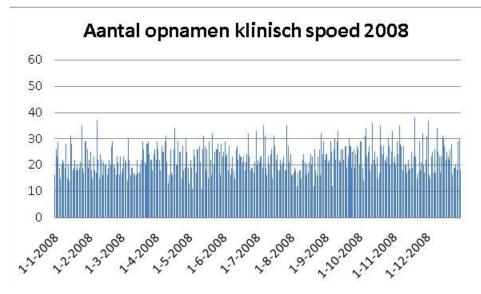


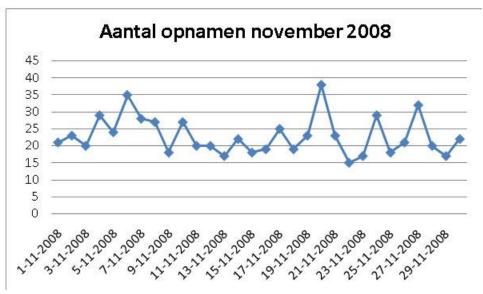




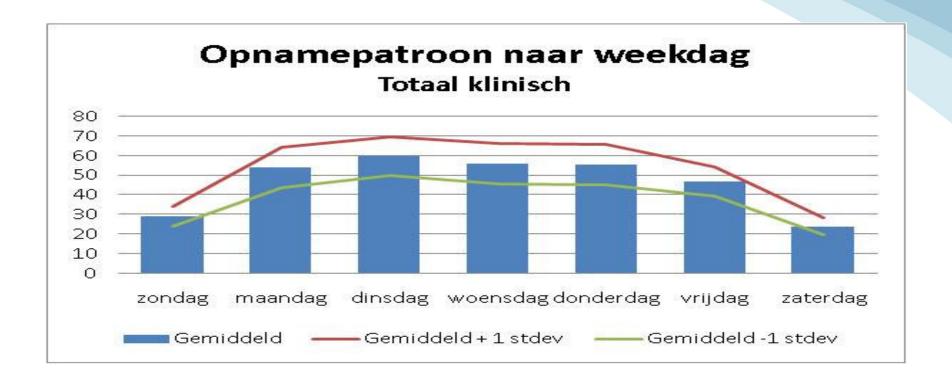












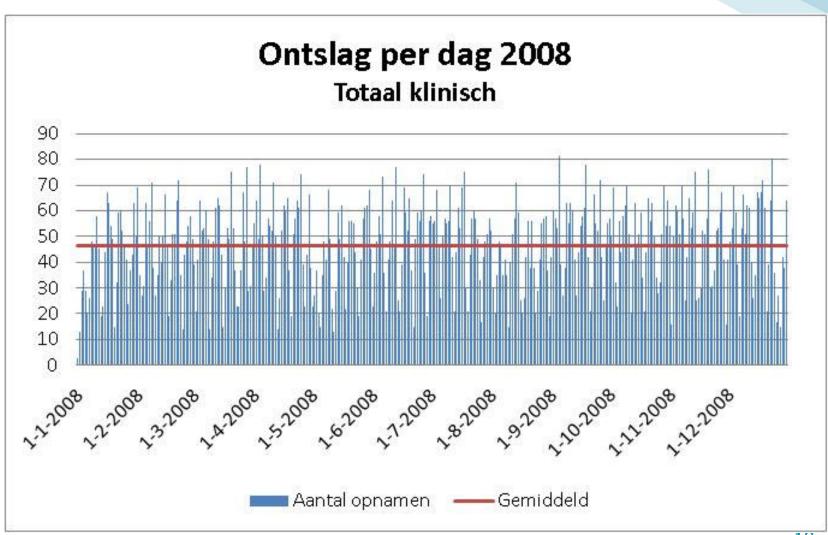
	zondag	maandag	dinsdag	woensdag	donderdag	vrijdag	g zaterdag	jemiddeld per dag
Gemiddeld	29,15	54,04	59,87	56,15	55,67	46,75	24,00	46,58
Stdev	4,87	10,38	9,70	10,21	10,13	7,33	4,26	15,67



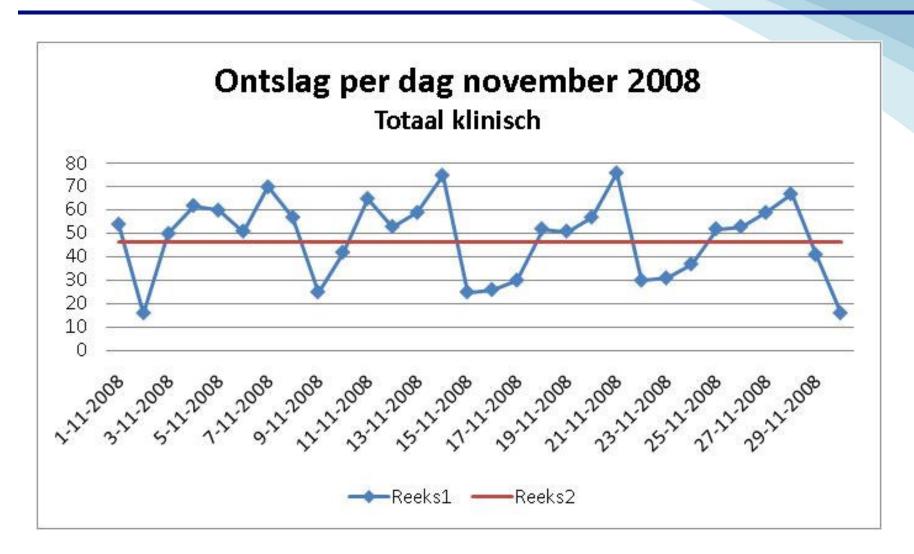
This leads to...

- Regular deficit of beds for all admissions on ward
- Unintended transfers
- Significant increase in patients length of stay due to intra-ward transfers (on average + 0,6 days)
- Uneven workload nurses

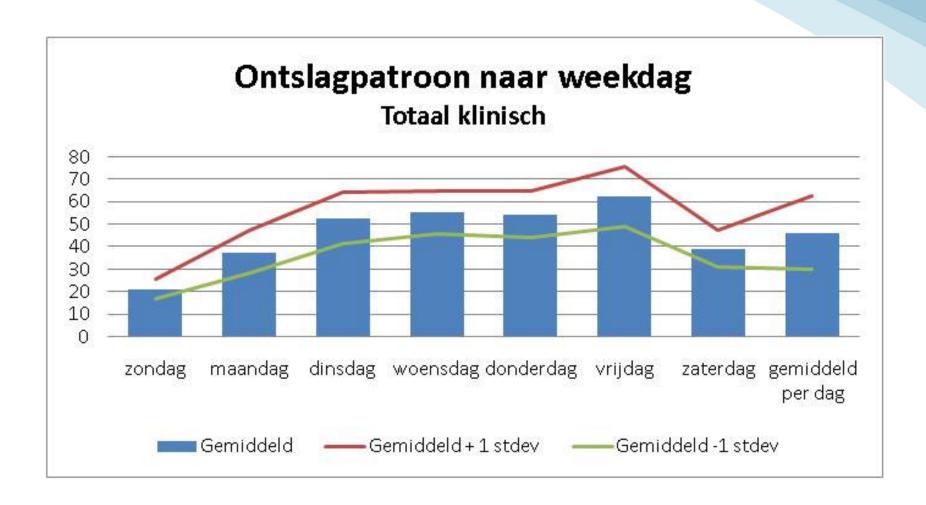








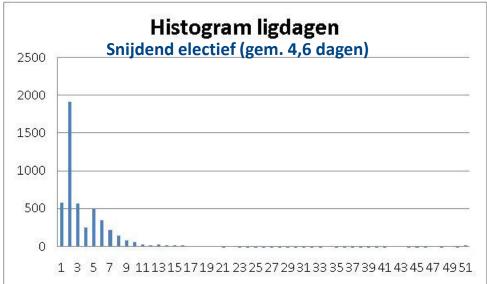


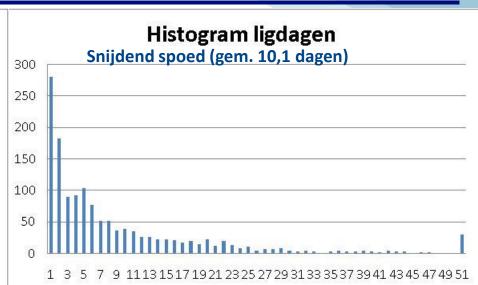


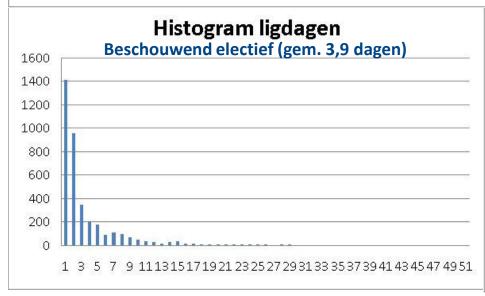


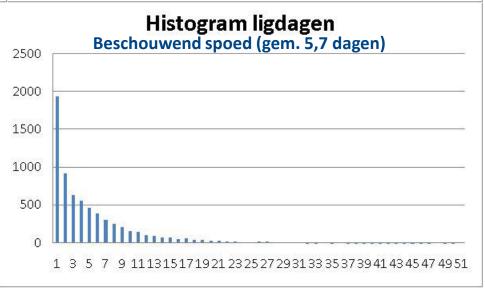
- In weekend significant less discharges
- On Fridays significant more discharges



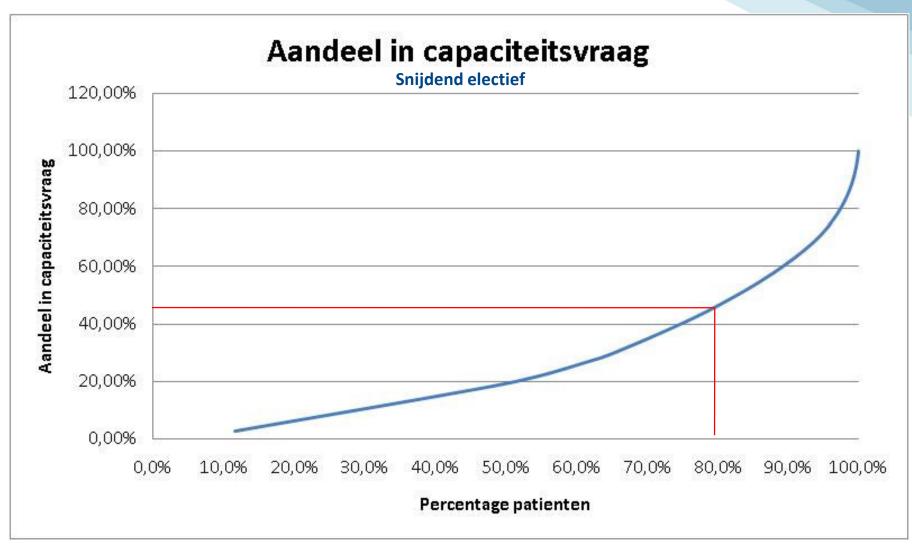














Ligduren r opnameda		Zondag	Maandag	Dinsdag	Woensda g	Donderd ag	Vrijdag	Zaterdag
Beschouw -end	Spoed	5,02	5,20	5,14	5,12	5,44	5,53	4,77
	Electief	2,18	3,23	3,49	2,83	3,63	4,24	2,58
Snijdend	Spoed	9,67	10,45	9,53	7,93	11,41	10,60	7,71
	Electief	9,50	3,85	3,47	4,11	3,46	3,44	5,02



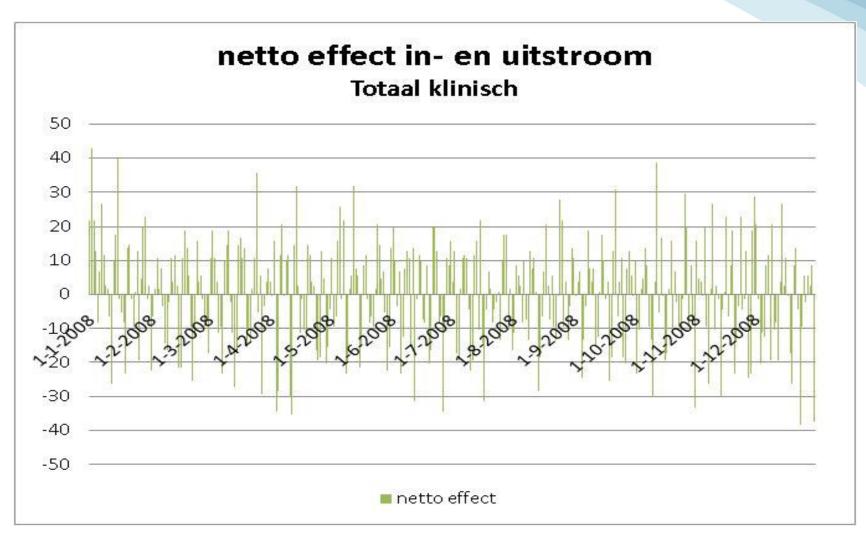
Ontslagda opnameda		Zondag	Maandag	Dinsdag	Woensda g	Donderd ag	Vrijdag	Zaterdag
Beschouw -end	Spoed	Vr	Vr/za/ma	Ма	Ma/di	Di/wo	Wo/do	Vr
	Electief	Di/wo	Do/vr	Vr/za/ma	Vr/za/ma	Ма	Di/wo	Di/wo
Snijdend	Spoed	Di/wo	Do/vr	Do/vr	Wo/do/vr	Ma/di	Ma/di	Vr/za/ma
	Electief	Di/wo	Do/vr	Vr/za/ma	Ма	Ма	Ma/di	Do/vr



- Significant relationship between length of stay and day of admission
- Increase in patients length of stay due to weekend effect
- 60% of total bed capacity is used for 20% of total number of patients (long stay patients)

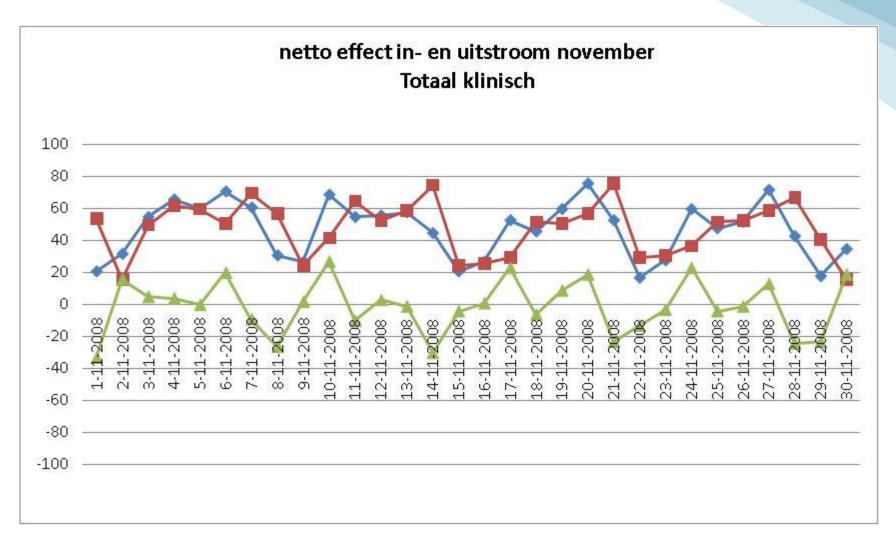


Analysis – Impact on capacity





Analysis – Impact on capacity





This leads to...

- Unpredictable need for number of beds
- Every day inefficient working practices



What does this mean for Rijnland Ziekenhuis ...?

- Inefficient use of bed capacity
- Poor performance in production
- Unnecessary transfers
- Longer length of stay
- Chance of admissions closure
- Pressure of work
- Unnecessary mistakes



Significant causes...

- 1. Poor management of bed capacity: the planning of admissions needs to take into consideration the necessary bed capacity
- 2. No operational system currently in place to signal that hospital is running out of beds
- 3. Operating theatre and clinical wards are not working as one integral unit (focus on optimization OT)
- 4. Inefficient management of patient discharges (lack of projected discharge date)



Significant causes...

- 1. Elective patient take higher priority than emergency patient
- 2. Allocation of beds is not optimal
- 3. Scale of clinical wards
- 4. Current practice of flexible ward
- 5. Shortage of suitable accommodation for discharged patient



Intermission

• Can you help us with our problems? Solutions...?





Proposals (1)

- New bed management
 - Allocation of bed in accordance with beds used on average
 - Allocation is based on current variability
 - Beds reserved only for "emergency" situations in hospital ("buffer")
 - Close down flexible ward and short stay
 - Reduce by 30-35 beds and reduce nursing staff by circa 25 fte



Proposals (2)

- Reduce variability in planned surgery admissions by
 - More efficient schedule for operating theatre (reallocated sessions)
 - Number of admissions is more stable
 - Fixed patient quota during operating time
 - Length of stay is taken into consideration



Propasals (3)

- New fixed rules of admission
 - Admission on own ward or two related wards
 - Refuse admissions!
 - Patient needing specific care can only be admitted to associate ward
 - Doctor decides



Proposals (4)

- Management of discharges
 - Daily patients visits by doctors
 - Management of discharges, patient gets estimated discharge date during admission
 - Daily bed capacity management
- Professional culture change is needed by medical staff



Approach (1)

- Resizing needed due to poor financial situation
 - Commitment Board
- Evidence based analysis
 - Commitment from doctors
 - Results of analysis accepted by doctors



Approach (2)

- At beginning of June 2009 presentation to Board and doctors
 - "go" decision
 - Planned start date July 1st 2009
- At beginning of June 2009 staff were informed
- At end of June work council asked for advice
 - Many questions during July and August
 - At the end of August agree on reorganisation



Approach (3)

- In meantime....
 - Protocol followed with permission of work council
 - Operating scheme was changed
 - Quota for different specialities
- Doctors agreed to new admission rules at the end of September 2009
- At September 28th new clinic started with new allocations!



Resultats (1)

- Realised cost reduction by EUR 1 million per year
- No loss of production
 - In October and November 2009 more admissions than in October and November 2008 (141 more admissions)
- No admission refusals due to reallocation!



Results (2)

• Successes?

- Operating theatre is changed
- Daily capacity management
- More clinical wards are managing discharges
- New admission rules cause less patients to be transferred to their own ward

• Improvements needed?

- Quota needs to be changed for some specialities
- General ward has not required number of beds
- Capacity and use of day care are not in accordance with production (variability)